BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1874. VOLUME XLI.--NUMBER 30.

BANGOR
Daily Whig & Courier,
PUBLISHED MORNING
No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

TERMS—$5.00 per Year,
4.00 for Six Months,
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,
at the office of the Daily Whig and Courier, $2 ... per Year, invariably in advance.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.
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UNITED STATES MAIL

MAINE.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, Washington, Dec. 13, 1873.

Proposals will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 o'clock p. m. of March 31, 1874 (to be decided by the 30th), for carrying the mails of the United States from July 1, 1874, to June 30, 1878, on the following routes in the State of Maine and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified, viz:

... From Union to Appleton, 5 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Union Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Appleton by 1 30 p m;
Leave Appleton Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 3 p m.
Arrive at Union at 4.30 p m.
Proposals for six-times-a-week service invited.

223 From Danforth to Forest City (n o), 7 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Danforth Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Forest City Saturday by 9 a m;
Leave Forest City Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at Danforth by 2 p m.

224 From Columbia to North Columbia, 4 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Columbia Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at North Columbia by 2 p m;
Leave North Columbia Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 30 p m;
Arrive at Columbia by 3 30 p m.

225 From Presque Isle to Salmon Brook, 11 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Presque Isle Wednesday and Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Salmon Brook by 12 m;
Leave Salmon Brook Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Presque Isle by 5 p m.

226 From North Milford to Greenfield, ten miles and back, twice a week.
Leave North Milford Monday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Greenfield by 10 a m;
Leave Greenfield Monday and Friday at 12 m;
Arrive at North Milford by 3 p m.

227 From Waldoborough, by East Jefferson, to Jefferson, 11 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Waldoborough Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 6 p m.
Arrive at Jefferson by 8.30 p m;
Leave Jefferson Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m.
Arrive at Waldoborough by 10.30 a m.
Proposals for six-times-a-week service invited.

228 From East Blue Hill to Surry, six miles and back, once a week.
Leave East Blue Hill Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Surry by 9 a m;
Leave Surry Saturday at 12 m;
Arrive at East Blue Hill by 2 p m.

The contracts are to be executed and returned to the Department by or before the 1st day of June, 1874, otherwise the accepted bidder will be considered as having failed, and the Postmaster General may proceed to contract for the service with other parties, according to law.

For forms of proposal, guarantee, and certificate, and also for instructions as to the conditions to be embraced in the contract, &c., see advertisement of Aug. 4, 1873, and Dec. 1, 1873, inviting proposals for mail service in Maine and New Hampshire, to be found at the principal post offices.

Bids should be sent in sealed envelopes, superscribed "Mail proposals, State of Maine," and addressed to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

J. A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster General.

To the Honorable Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court next to be holden at Bangor, within and for the County of Penobscot, on the first Tuesday of October next:

ALVIN PHELPS, of Garland, in the County of Penobscot, respectfully libels and gives this Hon. Court to be informed, that he was lawfully married to Mary E. Pratt, ... Dover, on the tenth day of October, ... that he has always conducted himself toward his said wife as a faithful husband, ... Wherefore he prays that a divorce from the bonds of matrimony may be decreed between him and his said wife.

ALVIN PHELPS.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Supreme Judicial Court, October Term, 1873.

On the foregoing libel, ordered—That the said libelant give notice to said libelee, of the pendency thereof, by publishing an attested copy of said libel and this order of Court thereon, three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, a paper published in Bangor, in said county, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the next term of said Court, to be holden at Bangor in and for said county, on the first Tuesday of January next, that she may then and there appear in our said Court, and show cause, if any she have, why the prayer of said libelant should not be granted.

E. C. BRETT, Clerk.

A true copy of libel and order of Court thereon,
Attest, E. C. BRETT, Clerk.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, 1873.

George Ramsdell, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Stephen Ramsdell, late of Garland, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executor give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, Addison P. Reed, then of Lincoln, conveyed to me by mortgage dated the seventh day of May, A. D. 1869, and recorded in the Penobscot Registry of Deeds, volume 341, page 472, a certain parcel of land situate in said Lincoln, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning on the southerly side of the road leading from Lincoln Centre to the Lee road (so called), ... and whereas, the condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of the same.

ISRAEL HEALD.
Lincoln January 6th, 1874.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1873.

Upon the Petition of Lydia A. Small, Widow of William H. Small, late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, for an allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed.

ORDERED, That said Widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy,—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

PENOBSCOT ss. January 16, A. D. 1874.

We, the undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Hon. JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge of Probate for said County, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of

LORENZO D. HIGGINS, late of Bangor,

in said County, deceased, whose estate has been represented insolvent, hereby give public notice agreeably to the Order of the said Judge of Probate, that six months from and after the ... have been allowed to said creditors to present and prove their claims; and that we will attend to the service assigned us ...

JOHN VARNEY, P. G. WHITE, Commissioners.

$72 00 EACH WEEK. Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address, J. WORTH & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Real Estate.

Administrator's Sale
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of a license granted on the last Tuesday of November, 1873, at the Probate Court held on that day, in and for the County of Penobscot, I hereby offer, at private sale, all the real estate belonging to the estate of James W. Hathaway, late of Bangor, in said county, deceased, including the reversion of the widow's dower therein, to wit:

Tenement house No. 30, Boyd street. Tenement house No. 177, French street, and an undivided half of the new tenement block next south of No. 177 on said French street, all in the city of Bangor.

Also, all the right, title and interest, which the said Hathaway had at the time of his death, in the town of Jackson, Waldo county, Maine, and also to any real estate occupied by Peter Laland, in the said town, and ... occupied by Benjamin Tompkins, in said town of Jackson.

H. H. SHERMAN, Administrator of said estate.

For terms, apply to said Administrator, or to C. S. Pearl, Real Estate Broker, No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.
Bangor, Dec. 23, 1873. dec24 tf

Two Nice Suits of Rooms

Suitable for families, with board, at MRS. STEVENS', Park Street. april19

Tenements to Rent.

Enquire at the Insurance Office formerly occupied by the late J. W. HATHAWAY, corner Central and Hammond Streets.
H. H. SHERMAN, Adm'r.
April 3, 1872.

Desirable Tenement for Rent

The second and third stories and attic of a block on Main Street. Twelve rooms, convenient Closets, &c. May be occupied by one family or two, as desired. Would be particularly suitable for a boarding house. Apply to F. M. LAUGHTON.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT, *In account with WM. H. CHISLEY, Dr.*
For services as Co. Commissioner, A. D. 1873.

[illegible]

A true copy,—Attest, E. C. BRETT, Clerk.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT, *To A. HINKS, Dr.*
For services as County Commissioner.

[illegible]

The MILD POWER CURES

HUMPHREYS' HOMOEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Have proved, from the most ample experience, an entire success. Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger; and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

No.	Cures	Cents.
1	FEVERS, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2	WORMS, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3	CRYING Colic or Teething of Infants,	25
4	DIARRHOEA, of Children or Adults,	25
5	DYSENTERY, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6	CHOLERA-MORBUS, Vomiting,	25
7	COUGHS, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8	NEURALGIA, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9	HEADACHES, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10	DYSPEPSIA, Bilious Stomach,	25
11	SUPPRESSED, or Painful Periods,	25
12	WHITES, too Profuse Periods,	25
13	CROUP, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14	SALT RHEUM, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15	RHEUMATISM, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16	FEVER AND AGUE, Chills, Fever, Agues,	50
17	PILES, Blind or Bleeding,	50
18	OPHTHALMY, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19	CATARRH, acute or chronic, Influenza,	50
20	WHOOPING-COUGH, Violent Coughs,	50
21	ASTHMA, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22	EAR DISCHARGES, Impaired Hearing,	50
23	SCROFULA, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24	GENERAL DEBILITY, Physical Weakness,	50
25	DROPSY, and Scanty Secretions,	50
26	SEA-SICKNESS, Sickness from Riding,	50
27	KIDNEY DISEASE, Gravel,	50
28	NERVOUS DEBILITY, Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29	SORE MOUTH, Canker,	50
30	URINARY WEAKNESS, Wetting Bed,	50
31	PAINFUL PERIODS, Hysteria,	50
32	SUFFERINGS at Change of Life,	1 00
33	EPILEPSY, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34	DIPHTHERIA, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35	CHRONIC CONGESTIONS and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

[illegible]

Sent by mail or express, free, on receipt of price.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co.
OFFICE & DEPOT, 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Sold by B. F. BRADBURY and J. F. PATTEN, Bangor and by Druggists generally.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, November Term, A. D. 1873.

Upon the petition of Phebe J. Jones, mother of Curren Henry, Minor heir of Charles D. Henry, late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, that Joseph Jones, the Guardian of said minor, may be removed from said trust.

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in The Bangor Weekly Courier ... that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at Bangor, on the last Tuesday in December next, ... and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

In the matter of LUCY E. WILBUR, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 26th day of Sept., 1873, by LUCY E. WILBUR, of Lee, a Bankrupt, praying that she may be decreed to have a full discharge from all her debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, ...

WM. P. PREBLE, Clerk of District Court for said District.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Maine, in Legislature assembled.

The ... Bridge Corporation, respectfully pray that their charter may be amended by changing their rates of toll and making such other alterations therein as to the Legislature may seem just and equitable.

JAS. N. CHANDLER, Clerk.
Bangor, Dec. 9, 1873.

Dividend Notice

In the matter of C. J. HOUSE & CO., Bankrupts.

The second dividend, at the rate of ten per cent, payable on account of partnership proofs in the estate of Chas. J. House & Co., in Bankruptcy, is now payable on application to Chas. F. Woodard, Esq., one of the Assignees, at the office of Wilson & Woodard, Bangor.

CHAS. HAMLIN, Register in Bankruptcy.
Nov. 6th, 1873.

Application will be made to the next Legislature to incorporate a company to construct and repair a dam or dams ...

CHARLES G. STERNS, and others.
Bangor, Nov. 21, 1873.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

The third general meeting of the creditors of Henry H. Blackwell, Bankrupt, will be held at Bangor, in the District of Maine, on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Charles Hamlin, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the 28th section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

H. L. MITCHELL, Assignee.
Bangor, Nov. 8th, 1873.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, November Term, A. D. 1873.

A certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Pliny D. Parsons late of Bangor in said County, deceased, having been presented for Probate.

ORDERED, That public notice be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy,—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, November Term, A. D. 1873.

A certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Susannah Nutt late of Exeter in said County, deceased, having been presented for Probate.

ORDERED, That public notice be given to all persons interested ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy,—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1873.

Upon the Petition of Aris Fitcher, Widow of William H. H. Fitcher, late of Etna, in said County, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed.

ORDERED, That said Widow give public notice ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A. D. 1873.

The Commissioners of Insolvency on the Estate of William H. Brackett, late of Bangor, having made return of the Warrant to them issued, ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.
In the matter of GEORGE E. FOLLETT, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this fifth day of July, 1873, by George E. Follett, of Bangor, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, ...

WM. P. PREBLE, Clerk of District Court for said District.

Commissioners' Notice.

PENOBSCOT ss. January 3d, 1874.

We, the undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Honorable JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge of Probate for said County, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of

JEFFERSON CHAMBERLAIN, late of Brewer,

in said County, deceased, whose estate has been represented insolvent, hereby give public notice ...

HENRY C. GOODENOW, JOHN F. GODFREY, Commissioners.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, guardian of Walter J. Jewell of Patten, ...

SAMUEL S. THOMPSON.
Patten, Dec 19, 1873.

STATE OF MAINE. ...

Non-Resident Taxes

In the Town of Maxfield, in the County of Penobscot, for the year 1873.

The following list of taxes on Real Estate of non-resident owners, in the town of Maxfield, for the year 1873, in bills committed to George Emery, Collector of said town, on the 26th day of November, 1873, has been returned by him to me, as remaining unpaid ...

[illegible]	$100	$6 00
[illegible]	200	12 00
[illegible]	350	22 05
[illegible]	50	3 15
[illegible]	300	18 20

JOHN SMART, Treasurer of Maxfield.
Maxfield, Jan. 5th, 1874.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, 1873.

Accounts having been filed for settlement in the Estates of

LYDIA MOWER, Dexter, Levi Jones, Adm'r.
WILLIAM H. BRACKETT, Bangor, Mary A. Brackett, Adm'x.
WATSON E. PLUMMER, ..., Alice B. Plummer, Adm'x.
WILLIAM H. PHIPPS, Bradford, Eliza S. Phipps, Adm'x.
CORNELIUS H. NORCROSS, Charleston, Almira S. Norcross, Ex'x.
SALLY STAWARD, Garland, Zibeon Merriam, Adm'r.
HENRY W. WHITMORE, ..., Daniel Buswell, Jr., Adm'r.

ORDERED, That said Accountants give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

JOSEPH W. POLLARD, late of Oldtown,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

WALTER H. POLLARD.
Oldtown, Dec. 30, 1873.

Executrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed, and has taken upon herself the trust of an Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of

RUSSELL SEVERANCE, late of Bradford,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.

HANNAH B. SEVERANCE.
Bradford, Dec. 30, 1873.

Commissioners' Notice.

PENOBSCOT, ss. January 10, 1874.

We, the undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Honorable John E. Godfrey, Judge of Probate for said county, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of

SIMON STUART, late of Holden,

in said County, deceased, whose estate has been represented insolvent, ...

ALBERT W. PAINE, LEWIS BARKER, Commissioners.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, 1873.

Elizabeth Roundy, named Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of ..., late of Bangor, in said county, deceased, having presented the same for probate.

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.
In the matter of JESSE HALLETT, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

[illegible]

Administratrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

EDWARD SMITH, late of Orrington,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.

LYDIA W. SMITH.
Orrington, Dec. 30, 1873.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term ...

Upon the petition of Eunice Winslow, widow ...

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

A Great Discovery!

WORTH TEN TIMES ITS
Weight in Gold!

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Soreness of the Throat, Chest & Lungs.

It will not make new lungs, but will prevent the disease from spreading throughout the whole substance of the lungs, thereby facilitating recovery.
It is prepared from Vegetable Extracts and Barks of wonderful healing properties and this Balsam is highly recommended by physicians, clergymen and others, testimonials from whom I can furnish without number.

SAMPLE FREE TO ALL.
Large Bottle 35 Cts.
AT THE DRUG STORES.

FRIEND
WHY
SUFFERING
WHEN

Five thousand dollars reward is offered for a better remedy than ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM, for the cure of Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Croup, Soreness of Lungs, Asthma, Consumption, and all diseases of a like nature.

The following are a few of the names of those who have used this remedy. Mrs. Gov. Coney, Mrs. Hon. James W. Bradbury, Anson P. Morrill, ex-Governor of Maine, Mrs. Col. Thomas Lambard, Mrs. Col. Thomas Lang, Hon. J. J. Eveleth, Mayor of Augusta, Rev. Dr. Ricker, Rev. E. Martin, Hon. G. W. Pepper, Rev's. Wm. A. Drew, Rev. E. F. Torrey, F. M. Drew, Secretary of State, Hon. J. T. Woodward, State Librarian, Col. Geo. W. Stanley, President Granite National Bank, Hon. B. H. Cushman, President First National Bank, Hon. S. W. Lane, Secretary of Senate, J. H. Lynde, Editor Bangor Whig, Charles O. Nutter, Esq., 27 Tremont street, Boston, William H. Taylor, Beacon street, Boston, Emery Coot and many others in Providence; W. F. Morrel, Esq., Portland, and fifty thousand others too numerous to mention.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM, prepared by F. W. Kinsman of this city, has already attained a substantial reputation throughout this country. The names of those who have tested its remedial properties and recommend its use, are of the highest standing in the community, and ought to be a sufficient guaranty of this popular medicine. [Maine Farmer, March 28, 1872.

It contains no Opium, Calomel or Mineral Poison, and it can be taken by the most delicate child.

STILL ANOTHER.

From Alonzo S. Weed, Publisher of Zion's Herald, 36 Bromfield street, Boston, June 25, 1873.

Dr. FRANK W. KINSMAN—Dear Sir:—Several bottles of your "ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM" have been used in my family with the most gratifying results. We esteem it one of the best of medicines.
A. S. WEED.

VOICE FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Unsolicited Testimony.

OFFICE OF EMERY COOK, REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGE BROKER, NO. 80 NORTH MAIN STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 1, 1873.

Dr. F. W. Kinsman, Augusta, Maine: Two years ago last September I took a severe cold with so a throat for some days, the cold then settled with a cough ... I have purchased ... I invariably recommend it to everybody similarly afflicted, and can this day give you the name and residence of at least fifty persons who have been cured of coughs and colds by its use. ...
EMERY COOK.

BANGOR, March 23, 1872.

FRANK W. KINSMAN, Esq: Dear Sir:—We are happy to be able to inform you that out of over 2000 bottles of your Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam, which we have sold over our counter during the last past three months we have not heard of one solitary case of complaint against its unrivalled good results, but all who have had occasion to speak of it at all, have spoken of its merits in the highest terms of satisfaction.
Respectfully yours,
WARREN L. ALDEN & CO.

There is no disease with which our country is afflicted, which sweeps off annually so many victims as that fell destroyer of the human race,

CONSUMPTION.

It is estimated that nearly 175,000 die annually with this terrible disease. Consumption in its confirmed and incipient stages, Coughs, Asthma, and affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, (Croup) &c., form by far the most fatal class of disease known in our land.
Yet even these may be effectually cured by means of the simple, yet wonderful remedy that nature has furnished.
We have carefully combined the medical properties of these natural healing extracts of

BARKS, ROOTS, and HERBS
—IN—
ADAMSON'S
BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM.

The children like it and they tell
It cures their Colds and makes them well;
And mothers seek the store to try it,
With hundreds who desire to buy it.

It is Pleasant to Take.
And Works Like a Charm.

BOSTON, August 27th, 1873.
F. W. Kinsman, Esq:—Dear Sir:—With pleasure we order five gross Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam—the sale has commenced very surely, showing conclusively that the merit has won the day and that your preparation is taking the lead over the many bottles of trash that now flood the market.
SMITH, DOOLITTLE & SMITH, Wholesale Druggists.

From G. C. Goodwin & Co., New England Patent Medicine Warehouse, 38 Hanover St., Boston, May 4th, 1873.
Mr. F. W. Kinsman—Dear Sir:—We have had in all about 25 gross Adamson's Balsam and have retailed nearly 40 dozen of it over our retail counter. ...

Dr. Huntington says—I have known Dr. Kinsman's Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam for some time, ...

No. 19 State St., Boston, Aug. 8, 1873.
Dr. F. W. Kinsman—Dear Sir:—It gives me great pleasure to say ...
U. G. PETTENGILL. Firm of S. M. Pettengill & Co., Advertising Agents, Boston, Mass.

Sold by Wm. E. Mann, B. F. Bradbury, ... and by all Druggists and Dealers.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT, *In account with S. G. JERRARD, Dr.*
For services as County Commissioner for the year 1873.

[illegible]

A true copy—Attest, E. C. BRETT, Clerk.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
Of the Financial Concerns of the County of Penobscot, from January 1st to December 26th, 1873.

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT *in account with HORACE J. NICKERSON, Treasurer.*

[illegible]

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT *in account with HORACE J. NICKERSON, Treasurer.*

[illegible]

Liabilities and Resources of the County, as they existed December 26, 1873, aside from the several New Jail Loans, upon which there are $8 ... now due.

LIABILITIES.

[illegible]

RESOURCES.

[illegible]

County Treasurer's Office, Bangor, December 26, 1873.

Business Cards.

Notice.

The subscriber has been appointed by the European and North American Railway Company, EMIGRANT AGENT, for the purpose of gathering and publishing information of the extent, value and situation of THE LANDS OF MAINE suitable for settlement and otherwise encouraging immigration into this State. He is constantly at the office of the Treasurer of said Company, on Washington Street, Bangor, Maine, ready to aid all who are seeking information in regard to these lands, or are desirous of taking up and cultivating any portion of them.
JAMES A. PURINTON.
Bangor June 12, 1871.

Bangor Machine Depot.

An assortment of New and Second Hand Wood and Iron Working Machinery constantly on hand.
Steam Engines and Boilers.
Shafting, Pulleys and Belting in great variety.
Fire Proof Safes, new and second hand, at lowest Boston Prices.
Also, Agent for Sturtevant's Celebrated Pressure and Exhaust Blowers.
Paints all shades, ready for use, by the gallon.
Machinery Oil, &c.
Steam and Gas Pipe Fitting done to order.
K. W. PRATT,
Depot Block, Exchange Street.
nov23

DR. H. A. BARROW

may be confidentially consulted, as usual, at his private office,
18 MAIN STREET, BANGOR,
from 9 till 1 and from three till 6 P. M., and at
FRANKLIN HOUSE
from 6 till 8 P. M.

Hundreds are suffering from the effects of early indiscretion, who may be restored to health and strength by consulting an educated Physician, who has made these diseases a specialty.
Dr. Barrow's treatment, during an extensive practice of many years, has been eminently successful in curing Nervous, Mental and Physical Debility, Exhaustion, Impotency or Business Application, Dimness of Sight, Giddiness, or Noises in the Head or Ears, Painful Dreams, Pimples on the Face or Body, want of Nervous Force, Timidity, Bashfulness in Society, Pains in the Back or Loins, Impaired Memory, Irritability, Weakness of the entire System, Palpitation of the Heart, General Indigestion, and numerous other symptoms, leading to Premature Decay, Impotence, Sterility, Premature Senility, &c.
The Doctor particularly invites those patients whose cases have been neglected or pronounced incurable, to place themselves without delay under his care, assuring them all that can be accomplished by science, skill, and the successful results of a long practice, will be in their service.
He distinctly states no case will be undertaken unless a permanent cure can be guaranteed.
All letters containing the usual consultation fee of $5, and fully describing the case, will be immediately attended to.
All letters and parcels for Dr. Barrow to be directed to Franklin House, Bangor.

LOCUST TREENAILS.

200 M Sawed, Turned, Split and Shaved Treenails. Also, all kinds of Ship and Bridge stock. For sale by
P. S. & J. B. HUCKINS,
100 Border St.,
Opposite Central Square, East Boston.
Boston Office, 41 Central Street.
dec1

FILES—FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand
1000 DOZEN FILES,
and am making over 100 Dozen per week, which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices,
and will warrant them equal to any imported, (as good) and less than new.
FILES RE-CUT, as usual.
JOB COLLETT,
EXCHANGE STREET.

NOYES & AMES,

DEALERS IN
Pure Drugs & Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
Fancy Goods, and Toilet Articles
41 BROAD, corner WATER STREET
BANGOR.

Piano Forte Tuning
AND REPAIRING,
R. S. T. COBB.
... Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Orders left at No. 5 State Street.

REMOVAL.

S. T. COBB has removed to No. 5 State Street, where may be found a good assortment of
Musical Instruments of all kinds
Sheet Music, Violin and Guitar Strings, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

H. W. & H. S. HOBBS,

PRACTICAL SLATERS & CONTRACTORS.
Making Slate Roofing and Repairing done at short notice. 100 Harlow St., Bangor, Me. aug20

JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

WM. M. ROBINSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
and Solicitor in Bankruptcy.
OLDTOWN, MAINE.

Administratrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed, and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of ... SIMPSON, late of ..., in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.
HANNAH SIMPSON.

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of SARAH B. LACY, late of Bangor, ...
PETER LACY.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 — Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2,50 per square for first week—$1,00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements continued three times a week at two-thirds price, two times a week, one-half price; one time a week, one third price.
Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 15 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 18 cents per line for leaded.

STATE NEWS.

More than the usual amount of lumber is coming into Buckfield village this winter.

Mr. D. H. Chandler of Portland was presented with a silver cornet by the members of his band on Saturday.

The old Augusta Distillery is dismantled, and thus it stands through the winter, a monument of departed spirits.

The brig Geo. S. Berry, which went ashore at Cardenas a few days since has got off right after lightening.

P. Tolman & Co., Harrison, are putting a stave machine into their saw mill, having engaged to manufacture a large lot of staves.

The citizens of the village of Waldoboro, by a vote of 39 yeas and 50 nays have decided not to accept a charter for a village corporation.

The Gardiner Reporter thinks that it is a hard strain on a man's patience to get up in the morning and find the pump and sink spout frozen.

One of the Gardiner ice companies has made a contract with New York parties for furnishing 10,000 tons of ice at $2.50 per ton on board vessels.

There were 12 intentions of marriages published last month, at the Portland city clerk's office. Also 51 deaths in the city during the same time.

A man was arrested in Portland Sunday in a pitiable condition. Both hands and feet were frozen, and he was badly intoxicated. He was let out of jail last Saturday.

N. K. Bond and C. M. Davis of East Jefferson, have applied to the legislature for a charter for a steamboat company with a capital of $3,000 for the purpose of navigating the Damariscotta pond.

Wellington Dunham of No. Paris, will get out about eight hundred dozen shovel handles this winter. Mr. Joseph Dunham gets out about the same number of dozen for which they have a ready market.

One of the most efficient housekeepers in Lewiston is a lady of eighty-two winters, who has filled her present station upwards of half a century, and appears to be good for another decade at least.

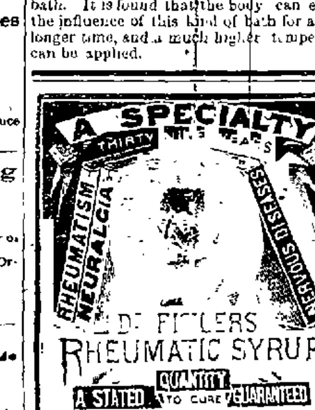
The statement that the late Captain Andrew Brown, commanded the first steamer on the Kennebec is a mistake. Captain Seward Porter commanded the first steamer that ever ran on the Kennebec—the steamer Patent.

Mr. Wm. G. Davis, civil engineer of the Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad, ... has paid Mr. Batchelder of the Mt. Cutler House $3,000 for a Dutch Spanish game cock. The bird was the only one hatched from a dozen eggs brought from Matanzas, Cuba.

Trefethen's fine new wooden block, in ..., was burned Saturday morning. An Odd Fellows' hall and the post office were in the block. The loss by fire and water will be about $10,000, insured for $6,000, ... as well as the Odd Fellows' paraphernalia.

A man named Waterman of Lewiston some two and a half months ago slightly injured the thumb of one hand by running a splinter into it. Inflammation ensued and the hand and forearm became involved to such an extent, that it was decided that amputation held out the only hope of recovery. The operation was performed Friday, ...

HOT SAND BATHS.—One of the most attractive therapeutical novelties for some time past in London—recently introduced from the continent—consists in the erection of establishments for administering hot sand baths as a remedy for rheumatism, recent cases of nervous disorders, affections of the kidneys, and all cases where heat is needed as the chief remedial agent. The advantages claimed in behalf of this method of treatment are, that it does not suppress respiration, like the hot water bath, but rather increases it, and does not interfere with the respiration after the manner of the steam bath or Turkish bath. It is found that the body can endure the influence of this kind of bath for a much longer time, and a much higher temperature can be applied.



$100 Reward for a case of Neuralgia or Rheumatism of any form whatever, (considered curable) that Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup will not cure—warranted uninjurious, and a physician's prescription used inwardly.
$5000 Reward offered to the Proprietors of any Medicine for Rheumatism and Neuralgia able to produce one-fourth as many genuine living cures made within the same length of time as Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Remedy.
$2000 Reward offered to any person proving Jos. P. Fitler, M. D., to be other than a graduate of the celebrated University of Pennsylvania in 1833, and Professor of Chemistry—treating Rheumatism specially for 39 years.
$1000 Reward to any Chemist, Physician, or others able to discover Iodide of Potassa, Colchicum, Mercury, or anything injurious to the system in Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Syrup. 28,600 Certificates or testimonials of cure.
$250 Reward for the name of any warranted preparation for Rheumatism and Neuralgia sold under a similar legal guarantee, setting forth the exact number of bottles to cure or return the amount paid for same to the patient in case of failure to cure. A full description of cases requiring guarantees must be forwarded by letter to Philadelphia. The guarantee, signed and stating quantity to cure, will be returned by mail, with advice and instructions, without any charge. Address all letters to Dr. Fitler, No. 45 South Fourth Street. No other Remedy is offered on such terms. Get a circular on the various forms of Rheumatism, also Blank applications for guarantee, gratis of the special agent.

B. F. BRADBURY,

Wholesale and Retail Agents for Bangor.
J. W. PERKINS & Co., Portland.
G. C. GOODWIN & Co., Boston.
GENERAL AGENTS.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.
In the matter of ERASTUS LANE, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss: At Bangor, the third day of February, A. D. 1874. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Erastus Lane of Oldtown, in the county of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of E. & A. W. Lane, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District, ...

F. H. APPLETON, Assignee.

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4, 1874.

THE PROPOSAL TO BLOCKADE A GREAT RIVER.

We publish elsewhere the remonstrances of the City Government of Bangor and the Board of Trade and Manufactures, against the granting of a charter for a railroad bridge across the Penobscot river near Bucksport; and while these bodies have but given expression to the sentiment of the communities most directly interested in preserving this great water highway free from obstruction, we cannot think that a Legislature of Maine will require no protest to restrain it from an act which would prove so damaging to the welfare of the State. Any proposal to bridge the navigable portion of an important river should be considered with the greatest caution, and such obstruction of the natural thoroughfares of the State should be permitted only where the interests to be subserved thereby greatly outweigh the advantages hampered or destroyed. And when it is proposed to throw a permanent obstruction across the largest river in the State, at a point where it would most seriously interfere with an amount of navigation exceeded at only one other port in New England, a Legislature should require the most convincing proof of the superior importance of such a structure, before granting authority involving such grave results as would follow the practical blockade of Maine's greatest water course.

While, as before intimated, we cannot believe that the present Legislature will seriously entertain this remarkable proposition to sacrifice important public interests for the benefit of an enterprise which as yet has no existence, it may not be amiss to refer to some of the bearings of the project. In the first place, this demand is not made by a railroad in full operation, ready with facts and figures of its business to prove the necessity for accommodation to its traffic but it is made by the projectors of a line upon which neither has a rail been laid nor a spade struck. If the line were to be commenced in the Spring it would be some time before a bridge would be needed, and there can be no good reason for granting a corporation such a power long in advance of any necessity for its exercise. Then again it is claimed by practical men that a bridge anywhere in the vicinity mentioned would involve such enormous cost as to render it highly improbable that the building thereof is seriously entertained, and if this charter is sought merely for effect, the interests at stake upon the free navigation of the river are too vast to be trifled with by buncombe legislation.

We have strongly sympathized from the outset with the people of the Eastern Counties in their desire for railway communication with the rest of the State, and are ready to encourage any reasonable measure for the accomplishment of their purpose. But the proposed obstruction of the Penobscot River is not only too great a sacrifice to ask of Bangor, but it is requiring the people of all the great section contiguous to this river to submit to a damaging blockade of their cheapest and most important line of communication; when the bridge proposed is entirely unnecessary. A line of railroad from Bucksport to this city with a bridge crossing here out of the way of navigation, is already in course of construction and will be finished before the Shore Line will have made much progress, thus affording all the facilities of a continuous connection with the trunk lines of the State, and the short deflection of travel required cannot for a moment be compared with the evils resulting from a bridge at the point specified. It has been and still is our belief that the interests of all would be best served by a line through Eastern Maine running directly to Bangor as its western terminus and although we failed to obtain the requisite vote for aid, our Eastern neighbors ought not to forget that a large majority of our citizens declared in favor of co operation, and that we have hoped at a future trial to obtain the necessary two-thirds in favor of granting the aid which would bring the line here. In view of these facts the bridge project should not be pressed in a spirit of retaliation upon Bangor since the business men of our city, whose interests would first suffer from such an obstruction of the river, have been strongly in favor of the most liberal policy towards our Eastern neighbors with reference to the Shore Line.

Our Legislature will hardly need to be reminded that the great question throughout the country to-day is that of cheap transportation, that the exactions of railway monopolies have produced a revolt among the producing classes unparalleled in the history of our politics, that in the struggle with corporate power the main reliance is the development of water communication, that, everywhere measures are advocated for the improvement of existing water facilities, and that the General Government is beset with powerful appeals for aid in opening great lines of water transportation, to free the productive interests of the country from their iron fetters. At such a time and in view of these facts it would be a strange thing for the Maine Legislature to grant to a prospective railroad the power to obstruct the most important navigable river of the State.

The necessity of passing a draw bridge at any point in the vicinity of Bucksport would prove a practical blockade of the navigation of the Penobscot. Any person at all familiar with the difficulties of river navigation and with the course of the Penobscot in that vicinity, will testify that the swift current and the sweep of eddies around the bend of the shore, would render it next to impossible to pass heavy, lumber-laden vessels through a draw without damage, and there would be many chances in favor of serious disaster. Masters and owners of vessels are not willing to incur such risks and the navigation which it is proposed to thus obstruct in this river comprised two thousand five hundred and sixty vessels loading at this port last year, with an average of twelve vessels per day to pass the draw each way, in the rushing currents of Bucksport Narrows. The value of this unimpeded water course, not only to Bangor, but to this whole section and indirectly to the whole State and the commerce of other States and nations, cannot be estimated, but the annual shipment from this port of an average of over two hundred millions of feet of lumber, with hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of the produce of this section should offer sufficient protest against the obstruction of this noble river.

We have noticed suggestions, which we are unwilling to credit and reluctant to discuss, to the effect that local prejudices and affiliations are to influence action upon a matter which involves the gravest public interests. It is claimed in some of the newspapers that the delegations from the extreme East will be influenced by pique towards Bangor, that members from the West will be governed by a desire to outbid Bangor for the trade of Eastern Maine, and that the large number who do not feel directly interested will leave Bangor to contend against odds for the unobstructed navigation of the Penobscot River. We should be sorry to believe that the Legislature of this State would take so narrow a view of a great public question. The great rivers of this State are the common highways of all the people, and legislation affecting them should be considered upon the broad grounds of public expediency. We believe that the present Legislature will desire to act for the best interests of the State of Maine, and that so acting it will refuse to authorize the unnecessary obstruction of a magnificent river.

It is gratifying to find the Treasury statement again showing a decrease in the public debt, owing to the increase in the public revenues. The receipts of internal revenue for January were a million and a quarter more than the corresponding month last year. Commissioner Douglass is now expecting the receipts for the year to overrun his estimate of one hundred millions.

It is rather funny to read, in Mr. Mansell B. Field's book of gossip about eminent men, about Mr. Chase, while Secretary of the Treasury, innocently trying to pass counterfeit fifty-cent notes upon a hack driver.

Nantucket sold, a few days ago, the last vessel she had in the whaling business. In 1841 she had not less than ninety-two vessels in this fishery, and New Bedford now has only twenty-four, of which not one quarter will be sent to sea. The decrease of nearly 7,000 tons in the New England shipping engaged in whaling, and the reduction of the whole fleet to 171 vessels, or one fourth the number employed in 1854, are striking evidences of the decline in what was once an important branch of our commercial industry. This result is to be directly ascribed to the development of the production of mineral oils.

INTEMPERANCE IN IRELAND. According to the Dublin correspondent of the New York *Tablet*, intemperance is on a rapid increase in that city. One of the county Judges in addressing a jury said that he had seen gentlemen—or men who called themselves gentlemen—so drunk in the jury box that he had been obliged to turn them out. He had often seen witnesses lying drunk on the tables, and in one case he had seen a jury in the jury box trying a question of life and death so drunk that they had to be discharged and the prisoner put back for trial.

REDISTRIBUTION OF THE CURRENCY.—The Boston *Advertiser's* Washington special says the Committee on Banking and Currency have appointed Messrs. Phelps and Mitchell a sub committee to prepare a bill to make immediately effective the law of 1870 redistricting the National Bank currency by taking twenty-five millions of circulation from the eastern banks and giving it to the States in the West and South, which have less than their quota. The law provides that the re-distribution shall take place when all of the fifty four millions of additional currency authorized by the same act shall have been taken up. The Comptroller construes this phrase to mean actually issued, instead of applied for. It will be some weeks before the last of the fifty four millions will be issued but even then the transfer of currency cannot be at once made, for the law appears to have been devised to facilitate delay. The Comptroller must make a requisition upon the banks for the amount each must give up. The banks are then allowed a year to comply with the requisition. If they fail, a sufficient quantity of their bonds must be sold to redeem the requisite amount of notes as fast as they come into the Treasury. It might be two or three years more before the amount wanted would come in, and all that time the West and South would have to wait for their fair share of bank facilities and circulation. The bill which Messrs Phelps and Mitchell are preparing will require the Comptroller to make the requisition at once, and will give the banks only thirty days to comply with it. In case a bank fails to do so, the United States depositories and sub-treasuries will be instructed to sort out all notes of such banks passing through their hands, and forward them to Washington, where they will be redeemed and cancelled, according to the provisions of the old law, by a sale of the bonds of the bank. A new circulation will then be issued at once on application from the new or old banks in the States entitled to the same. It is stated that the banks which must suffer a loss of circulation under this bill prefer to do so rather than see the currency inflated by a further issue of bank currency, as proposed in the bill of Representative Munroe. The movement on the part of the Banking and Currency Committee to make the redistribution law effective may be fairly characterized as "hedging." It is obvious that the Committee have not much confidence in the success of their free banking bill, for if that measure should pass, the West and South could get all the bank currency they had the capital to obtain, and the East could keep all that it has got.

An Augusta despatch to the N. Y. *Tribune* refers to the demoralization of the Democracy of this State as follows:

The adjourned meeting of the Democratic State Committee, soon to be held, is looked forward to with much interest by all concerned in political affairs. It is known that the recent rupture was only temporarily bridged over, and it is now understood that the Chairman, Samuel D. Leavitt of Eastport, is to resign and declare in favor of an entire abandonment of the Democratic organization. It is further alleged that he and others will join their political fortunes with the Republicans, but this is not yet admitted by those concerned. That the Committee will break up and that the old Bourbon element will be left alone to manage the party estate, is no longer a secret, or hardly a matter of speculation. Great efforts will be made by the different interests to control the Democratic press in the State, but it will probably divide up about equally. The majority of the newspapers already go for breaking up as soon as a third party starts, while the others urge that the breaking up is a necessary preliminary to the new movement.

In this State, as far as we can learn, the ladies who were elected to the School Boards are giving great satisfaction, and there can be no question that educated women have a peculiar tact in the administration, as they also have in the teaching, of schools. It is rather surprising, however, that such a determined opposition should be made to those ladies in Boston, which has been the home of nearly all radical reformers, and unusual interest will therefore attach to the decision of the Supreme Court.—Chicago *Tribune*

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

The New York *Times* insists that the bill extending legal tenders to four hundred millions violates one of the resolutions in the Republican platform of 1872.

A movement has been made in favor of having a State police in Vermont. It started with a Temperance convention in Franklin county, and is indorsed by some Republican papers.

It is stated that Senator Sherman of the Finance Committee denies that the inflationists have a majority in the Senate, and predicts when a vote is reached next week on the resolution directing the committee to report measures looking to resumption it will be carried by quite twelve majority.

The Toledo *Blade* says: "Since the Bourbon Democracy of this State took the reins into their own hands they have been putting the 'best foot foremost,' and no man who was not an open and avowed sympathizer with the rebels has been recognized as a suitable person for honorable distinction."

Although Senator Ferry, who leads the inflationists in the Senate, comes from Michigan, the Detroit *Tribune*, the leading journal of the State, makes the reassuring statement that there is not a single Michigan paper of influence which favors inflation, while "the dominant sentiment of the best business men of the State is emphatic in its opposition to that policy."

Perhaps there is something significant in this: A Cleveland, Ohio, paper says that "Wick, the defaulting Treasurer of Clarke county, was a Republican, elected by a Republican majority." But Mr. Wick is jailed up in the Penitentiary, where he ought to be. The Democratic Treasurers of Richland, Fairfield and Butler counties have also robbed their respective treasuries, just as Wick did. But where are they? Are any of these erring Democrats in the Penitentiary or likely to be? Obviously not."

Special Notices.

Bangor Council, No. 5, R. & S. M.
STATED CONVOCATION WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 4th, at 7 o'clock. Members are requested to be present. Per order. J. BURBANK, Rec.

NOROMBEGA LODGE.
Regular session THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at G. A. R. Hall. A full and punctual attendance is requested. G. A. LYON, feb4 K. of R. and S.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
For quarterly or monthly payments, or for cash, at lower prices than any dealer in New England. Call and see the New Styles. F. S. DAVENPORT, Warerooms, Kenduskeag Block, near the Postoffice. Jan23 sn

$10 Reward!
The above reward will be paid for evidence which will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person taking the WHIG AND COURIER from the door of any of our subscribers. JOHN H. LYNDE. Bangor, Jan. 27, 1874.

Milliner Wanted.
A FIRST CLASS MILLINER WANTED. Good reference required. For particulars, address P. O. Box 34, ROCKLAND, Me. jan26 6n tf

Q. C. D. A. VARIETIES.
THE QUEEN CITY DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION WILL GIVE A Grand Variety Entertainment, IN CITY HALL, *On Wednesday Evening, Feb. 4th* CONSISTING OF READINGS, RECITATIONS, DECLAMATIONS, Songs, Character Delineations, Music, etc., the whole to conclude with a laughable extravaganza entitled NOIR ET BLANC. No pains will be spared to make this a FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT and worthy of the patronage of its friends and the public. A limited number of Reserved Seats can be secured at D. Bugbee & Co's Book Store. Sale to commence Thursday morning January 29th. jan26 sn

MARY B. CUTTER, Teacher of Piano. sept. sn6m Residence 49 Centre Street.

Artificial Teeth.
DR GARDNER makes the insertion of ARTIFICIAL TEETH A SPECIALTY. With teeth made by him one can eat, talk and laugh with confidence and the mouth and teeth look pleasant and natural. Teeth filled with gold and silver or extracted when required. oct1 sntf No. 52 Main Street

Mrs WILLIAM F. SHAW, Artist in Crayon, —AND— TEACHER OF OBJECT DRAWING, *No. 31 Summer Street.* dec4 sn

WM. FRANKLIN SEAVEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, —AND— Solicitor of Patents, Kines' New Block, No. 17 Main St., Bangor. Bangor, Oct. 20, 1872 sn MWF

WANTED.
A thoroughly competent person to take charge of a Mill on La Have River, N. S. One who has a practical knowledge of manufacturing Pine and Spruce Boards, and Spruce Deals, Palings, Clapboards &c. The Mill is driven by a Leffel Wheel and runs two gangs, one large single saw, with circular edger &c &c. To a first class man good wages will be paid. Apply by letter, with references to DUFFERS & CO., Halifax, N S

FOR SALE. TO LUMBERMEN!
Referring to the above advertisement, the subscribers would sell the whole or a part of the above valuable Mill and Lumber Lands to practical Lumberman who would be willing to take the superintendance of the whole business. The Mill is now, and called one of the best in Nova Scotia, and with the Mill there is about 25 000 acres of the best pine lands in Nova Scotia. These lands are known as the Cushing Lands, and are well worth the attention of lumbermen. Apply to DUFFERS & CO., Jan27 sn 2m Halifax, N. S.

Wanted.
Five hundred cords second growth WHITE BIRCH. SMITH, MORSE & CO., Jan27 d6t&w2w sn Brewer, Me

A New Sensation! The Champoo Bath.
One of the greatest luxuries of the age. Price 50 cents. At the Bathing Rooms, 31 Central Street. Also, Hot and Cold Water and Vapor Baths. nov4 sn

DR. J. F. BABCOCK, Graduate Penn. College Dental Surgery, Dental Surgeon. Reception Parlor and Operating Rooms, *Nos. 2 and 3 Kenduskeag Block,* Same Floor as Mercantile Library. Jan24

City of Bangor.
The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, on the WEDNESDAY before the first Thursday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. Bills against the city not presented on that day will not be acted upon until the succeeding month. NEWELL BLAKE, Chairman. All bills passed at the regular monthly meetings of the City Council, will be paid on the following SATURDAY. JOHN L. CROSBY, Treasurer. April 15, 1872. sn

Sanford's Independent Line. FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT. FARE ONLY FOUR DOLLARS, Including Stage Fare to Winterport. THE STEAMER KATAHDIN, Capt. Roix, leaves Winterport for Boston, every TUESDAY at 12.30 M., touching at all the usual landings. Leaves Boston for Winterport and the usual landings, every FRIDAY, at 4 P. M. [illegible]

Dr. J. K. Lincoln, SURGEON DENTIST, Office—No. 3 Wheelwright & Clark Block, West Market Sq., Bangor, Me. Office hours from 8 A. M. till 1 P. M., and from 2 till 6 P. M. may19 sndtw

Oakes' Quadrille Band.
I am now prepared to furnish the latest dance music, with any number of pieces (from two to eight,) for Balls, Parties, &c. Orders from out of town promptly attended to. MR. THOS. A. JONES, Pianist. GEO. E. OAKES, Director and Prompter. nov4 sn

BROWN & SIMPSON, COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Bangor, Maine. C. P. BROWN. A. L. SIMPSON.
Having been established in the successful practice of the law in the City of Bangor for more than twenty years, and having an extensive acquaintance in all parts of the State, and the very best facilities for transacting professional business, the subscribers have formed a Law partnership, and will give particular attention to all matters pertaining to a general law practice in any of the Courts of the State, or United States Courts. Especial attention given to the collection of claims and demands, &c. We promise promptness, accuracy and reasonable charges, in all business entrusted to our care. C. P. BROWN, A. L. SIMPSON. Bangor June 5 1871

MR. QUIMBY, heretofore Captain of the Night Police, has been engaged by the following Banks and Express Company, as Night Watchman for said institutions *exclusively*: BANGOR SAVINGS BANK. FIRST NATIONAL BANK. SECOND NATIONAL BANK. KENDUSKEAG NATIONAL BANK. TRADERS NATIONAL BANK. MERCANTILE BANK. EASTERN EXPRESS COMPANY. Oct 17th 1873 d&wtf

MARRIED.
In Newburgh, January 31st, by George R. Thurlough, Esq. Mr Mark T. B. Newcomb and Miss Edith E. Mills, all of Newburgh.

Girl Wanted. A competent girl to do general housework at house next above 65 Kenduskeag Avenue. feb4

Teams Wanted. 50 TEAMS to haul bark on one turn road to Milford Station. Apply to A. H. NORRIS, Butterfield's Hotel, Milford. feb4 1w*

GEORGE'S HOTEL, THOMASTON, MAINE. Nearly opposite the Maine State Prison. *WM. K. BICKFORD, Proprietor.* GEO. W. MAXCY, Clerk. Coaches to take passengers to and from the Cars. A good Livery Stable connected with the House. feb4

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of LEMUEL A. TORRENS, Bankrupt, IN BANKRUPTCY. DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the 3d day of February, A. D. 1874. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Lemuel A. Torrens, of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District, filed December 4th, 1873. F. H. APPLETON, Assignee. feb1 eW3w&w1t6

Eight Aroostook Horses.

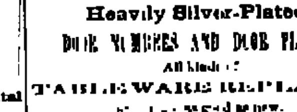
Just arrived and for sale at the HARRIMAN HOUSE STABLE, Weight from 1300 to 1300 lbs. feb3 3t S. A. OSBORN.

NEW TURKEY PRUNES. Two Hhds just Arrived. THOMPSON & KELLOGG. Bangor, Feb 3d, 1874

Meeting of the Chase Heirs. All persons interested in the Chase property, in England, are requested to meet at Bunker's Hall, North Anson, Maine, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of February, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M. Important reports from London, England, will be laid before said meeting. All the Chase heirs in Maine are requested to be present. No money to be paid for the use of the hall. By order Chase Heirs. By A. F. CHASE, Bangor, Me. North Anson, Jan. 26th, 1874. feb2

GREAT 30 Days Sale —AT THE— BARGAIN SHOE STORE, Wishing to reduce my large stock of Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps [illegible] F. A. CURTIS, No. 2 Strickland's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge

PICKEREL, TROUT AND HALIBUT.



AT JONES' FISH MARKET. [illegible]

Heavily Silver-Plated DOOR NUMBERS AND DOOR PLATES. All kinds of TABLEWARE REPLATED [illegible] A. W. DOANE. Bangor [illegible]

Fresh Graham Flour, RYE, OAT AND CORN MEAL, —AT— LEIGHTON & BAKER'S, jan27 50 HAMMOND STREET.

BOSTON Marine Insurance Company BOSTON. Cash Capital, $300,000. Office, 17 STATE STREET. DIRECTORS. S. C. Blanchard, Joseph Nickerson, Wm. H. Kinsman, Frank B. Thayer, [illegible], Lately Rice, [illegible], E. H. Fuller, [illegible]

MOLASSES, MOLASSES! For sale at very low prices. 20 Hhds. Superior P. R. Molasses. 25 Hhds. Ordinary do. do. 50 Hhds. Choice Cienfuegos do. 50 Hhds. Muscovado do. By G. W. LADD, jan29 3w Phenix Block.

SHIPPING BOARDS, *AT SANDY POINT,* FOR SALE BY ROBERTS & CO. Jan28 3w

Houses for Rent. Two Tenements well located, for rent low. Enquire of GEO. W. LADD, Jan29 4w Phenix Block.

A Rolling Stone Gathers no Moss. Believing in the above old adage, we still remain at 36 HAMMOND ST., OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE, and gather what we can by Manufacturing, Repairing, and Engraving Jewelry, &c., in a manner that cannot fail to please all. jan16 EBEN STEVENS.

Girl Wanted. To do general house work. Apply at 49 Broadway. jan31 tf

Heavy Silver Plated and Brass Door Numbers, MANUFACTURED BY CHAS. F. THOMS, Harlow St., over Jones & Kirkpatrick's Market. Jan30 1w*

Dissolution of Copartnership.
The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of FAIRBANKS, WILEY & CO., is this day dissolved by the retirement of Mr. J. G. Wiley, and the business will be continued by the subscribers at the old stand, Nos. 21 Broad Street, and 19 Pickering Square, who will pay all debts of the late firm and to whom all accounts are due. FAIRBANKS & SHERMAN, successors to FAIRBANKS, WILEY, & CO. Jan 31 1w

Partner Wanted IN THE Manufacture of Furniture!
An experienced Mechanic in the manufacture of Furniture principally ASH AND PINE CHAMBER SUITS, having a shop now in full operation, with steam and water power, being desirous of increasing his business, would take a partner that can furnish from one to two thousand dollars capital. Address P. O. Box 631, Bangor. Jan 27th, 1874 2w

FOR SALE. Five hundred acres Woodland, with frame house on it known as the Davenport tract situated in Milford, and 2½ miles from E. & N. A. Railway Station, on the road to Greenfield. GEO. H. NUTTER, jan 20 tf Medway.

LADIES, If you want anything done to your Furs bring them to ELIZABETH WYER, 49 Grove Street. Mittens and Gloves made of partly worn Fur, if you have it, for gentlemen or ladies. All kinds of new Skins, Sable, Mink or Otter, made in the best manner. MISS WYER'S experience in the business enables her to cut Fur to the very best advantage, so nothing will be wasted. All done at very low prices. jan17

Wanted, A Carriage Wood Worker, to work on repairing principally. A competent hand can find steady employment by applying immediately. W. F. WHITON & CO. Bangor, Jan 29th, 1874 tf

Norombega Hall! TWO NIGHTS ONLY. WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, Feb. 4th & 5th, ASTOUNDING ATTRACTIONS. The Originals. Living Heroes. Links between Civilization and Savagery. BUFFALO BILL, HON. W. F. CODY, TEXAS JACK, J. B. OMOHUNDRO, WILD BILL, J. B. HICKOK, SCOUTS OF THE PLAINS. The Peerless Danseuse and Pantomimic Actress, M'LLE MORLACCHI, And a Powerful Dramatic Company, including the Popular Actor FRANK MORDAUNT. Performance will commence with the Peerless MORLACCHI in a COMEDIETTA, Three Beautiful Dances! And will sing a CAVATINA from the OPERA OF ERNANI. Reserved seats for sale at F. S. Davenport's Music Store, commencing Friday morning, Jan. 30th. HARRY MINER, Business Manager. Jan30 5t

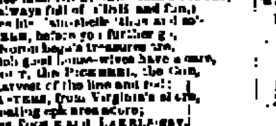
MRS JAMES GOULD, C. P., Would respectfully inform her friends and patrons that she can be consulted, either in business or for disease, from each Tuesday morning until each Friday eve, at the corner of French and Cumberland Sts. Examinations $1.00 by a lock of hair from a distance. Jan30

Notice. [illegible]

W. F. WEEKS

[illegible] W. F. WEEKS, [illegible] d&w

Bickford Sends Greeting.



[illegible] And thus I figure a Happy Year! Jan6 4w*

For Sale. TWO HOUSES on the East Side. One is new, convenient, with good lot. Price $900. Terms liberal. The other is convenient for one or two families, is in good repair, and has Stable attached. Price $1500. Terms liberal. SCOTT DUNBAR. Jan28 tf

COD FISH. 1000 Quintals Superior English and Bay of Fundy Cod Fish, for sale low by GEO. W. LADD, jan16 6w Phenix Block.

Penobscot Log Driving Company. The Annual Meeting of the Penobscot Log Driving Company [illegible] Bangor, Jan. 24, 1874.

NICHOLS & WITHAM, ARE NOW OPENING AT NO. 19 MAIN STREET, A LARGE STOCK OF HAMBURG EDGINGS, At About Half the Former Price. LADIES PLEASE LOOK AT THEM, YOU CAN'T HELP BUYING. Remember! No more High Prices at No. 19! We are determined to make A LOW PRICED STORE, and good place for everybody to trade in. JUST RECEIVED FIFTY PIECES Black Brilliantine, New and fresh Beautiful Luster, which will be sold cheaper than similar goods have ever been bought for in Bangor. Nichols & Witham. Bangor, Jan. 17, 1874.

New Goods! JUST RECEIVED a fresh lot of CHOICE TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, New Raisins, Citron, &c, &c. We have also received our winter stock of CAN GOODS, which we are selling cheap for cash. CALL AND EXAMINE. China Tea Store, 51 West Market Square, nov4 Bangor.

Only $2.00 a Pair! We have marked down a lot of MEN'S ALASKA BOOTS, New Styles, all Sizes, To $2.00 a Pair! Same quality as has been sold for $3 50 and $4 00. Don't fail to secure a bargain. D. P. & F. P. WOOD, Cor. Main and Hammond Sts. and 2 Kenduskeag Block. Jan 26

NOTICE. CHEAP for CASH. At the Store Corner of Lime and Garland Streets, I will sell GROCERIES MEATS, AND DRY GOODS, for cash, as cheap as any Store in the city. The public are invited "to give me a call" and "see for themselves." Thankful for past favors I solicit a continuance of the same. A. CAMMONS. Jan14

HAMBURGS, CORSETS, Ruchings, &c., *Opening This Day,* and selling cheap, at I. W. COOMBS. Jan14

TENEMENT To rent. Four rooms, up stairs, at No. 8 Third street. Inquire at Millinery Store of C. W. COFFIN. Jan 5

Mystery Solved. THE MYSTERIOUS CHANNEL OF DISEASE DISCOVERED —BY— DR. FITZGERALD, Who is Now Introducing this Most Invaluable Medicine called Life Invigorator. THIS INVIGORATOR is compounded from the purest and best vegetable nervines, and while its mission is to thoroughly eradicate all obnoxious obstructions of disease in the vital channels, at the same time gives elasticity to the step and in reality makes the sufferer *Happy, Courageous, Sound.* I do not claim as do most vendors of the so-called patent medicines that THIS is a certain cure for all diseases, for I do not believe that any one medicine can be compounded so as to do this, but I do claim to have discovered a secret of renewing health, cheerfulness and strength never before made known. [illegible] DR. FITZGERALD. [illegible] W. F. Phillips & Co., [illegible] 1-3m

Steam Engines for Sale. [illegible] HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO., Dec. 21, 1872 Bangor.

AXES, AXES [illegible] Also on hand an extensive and well selected stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Glass, SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS. Hogg & Bridges, 47 West Market Square, Bangor. Bangor, Nov. 14, 1873. d&w

1874. ELMER'S HAND BOOK, for sale by D. BUGBEE & CO. Jan

Carriage Sponge, CHAMOIS SKINS, CASTILE SOAP, HORSE BRUSHES, And CURRY COMBS, FOR SALE LOW. *BLOOD & BOWE,* 121 Exchange St.

TAGS DENNISON'S PATENT TAGS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE. Will print them at a very low figure. Bangor, July 25, 1873.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, & JEWELRY, for sale and repaired at D. WHITE'S, No 2 Kenduskeag Bridge. Jan10

HOLIDAY GOODS! We have just received a large stock of Gents' Toilet Slippers, Ladies' Toilet Slippers, Ladies' Warm Slippers, Ladies' Kid Button Boots, Misses and Children's Boots & Slippers, which will make very appropriate present for the holidays. Call and look at our stock. Hills & Bowen, West End Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor. Dec. 20th, 1873

CANDIES. Henry L. Lane, MANUFACTURER. My Candies are made expressly for the trade, and of the finest flavors, and warranted to be of Pure Sugar. The grade that I am selling cannot be equaled anywhere in Maine for nicety and purity, and they will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES. H. L. LANE, *No. 7 Kenduskeag Bridge,* BANGOR, MAINE. Jan13 tf

HAIR SWITCHES *Cheaper Than Ever,* —AT— C. W. Coffin's. Jan10

Parlor Suits, In Plush, Terry, and Hair Cloth, SELLING AT PRICES WHICH CANNOT BE BEAT. Parties wishing for Suits will find it for their interest to call and examine the extensive stock at DOLE BROTHERS, WAREROOMS Hammond Street. Jan14

ENGINES, BOILERS, SHAFTING, BELTING, & MACHINERY of all kinds, NEW AND SECOND HAND, FOR SALE. Cash paid for approved second-hand machinery. WINCHESTER & HIGHT'S MACHINERY DEPOT, 72, 74 and 76 Dorchester Avenue, BOSTON. Jan14 ly

GO WEST. YOU CAN SAVE $4 ON EACH TICKET, by purchasing via the Grand Trunk Railway To Canada, Detroit, Chicago, Saginaw, St. Paul, Salt Lake City, Denver, San Francisco, And all Points West, Northwest and Southwest! EXCURSION TICKETS Portland to Chicago and Return, (all Rail,) good until November 1st, $36 00. Portland to Chicago or Milwaukee and return, via Sarnia Steamers, good until Nov. 1st, 34 00. TICKETS VIA SARNIA STEAMERS. Portland to Chicago or Milwaukee, first class, including State Rooms and Meals, 19 00. THE GRAND TRUNK is in splendid running condition, is fully supplied with first-class rolling stock, including the CELEBRATED PULLMAN PALACE CARS, Running through from Portland to Chicago making only one change, and that in the depot at Montreal. Baggage checked from Bangor to Chicago, and not subject to Custom-House examination. For full particulars, enquire at old Agency, 22 West Market Square, Bangor. WM. FLOWERS, Eastern Agent. C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director, Montreal. oct20

NEW BOOKS. Child Life, in Prose, edited by Jno. G. Whittier. Sub-Tropical Rambles, by Nicholas Pike. Normandy Picturesque, by Henry Blackburn. Literary and Social Judgments, by W. R. Grey. Matt's Follies, by Mary D. Prescott. Fox Hunting by author Camping Out. FOR SALE BY D. BUGBEE & CO. nov7

February Magazines, Received by D. BUGBEE & CO. jan21

1874 DIARIES. 1874 jan16 E. F. & W. G. DUREN.

Farm for Sale. The subscriber offers for sale the Simon Stuart farm, in Holden, containing about ninety acres, well fenced with plenty of pasturage and wood, cuts about thirty-five tons of hay. The buildings are comfortable and commodious, and in excellent repair. Hard and soft water, under cover, and plenty of water on farm, two good barns. It is five and a half miles from Bangor, and is in all respects a desirable situation. Jan8 d&w6w2 F. M. ROGERS, Adm'r.

Providence Tool Company LEWIS OLIVER & PHILLIPS. WM. HASKELL & CO. RHODE ISLAND NUT CO. READING BOLT AND NUT WORKS. A. W. GIFFORD & CO. Manufacturers of Heavy Hardware and Railroad Supplies! MARINE HARDWARE AND SHIP CHANDLERY, THE "PROVIDENCE" CLOTHES WRINGER. J. L. WORK, Agent, [illegible] Boston, Mass.

Auction Sales.
E. B. PATTEN, COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Broad Street, head of Mercantile Block.
R. S. PRESCOTT, REAL ESTATE BROKER, *Commission Merchant, Auctioneer,* AND FEDERAL APPRAISER, No. 12, Central Street.
C. S. PEARL, REAL ESTATE BROKER, COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER, No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge, Up Stairs.

ORGANS. Church Organs repaired and tuned by S. F. COBB. Also Cabinet Organs and Melodeons. Orders left at his Store, No. 6 State Street. Two fine toned Cabinet Organs for sale cheap. march10

House for Sale and Tenements for Rent. Enquire at No 12 Bower Street. CHARLES WELLS. Jan14

Notice! The undersigned give notice that they have been appointed by the Supreme Judicial Court Receivers of the Maine Mutual Marine Insurance Company, of Bangor, and request all persons indebted to said Company to make payment to them, and all those having claims against the Company to present them. CHAS. P. STETSON, D. M. HOWARD, R. S. PRESCOTT. Bangor May 21, 1873 may.3

SOMETHING NEW IN Wall Papers. We would call the particular attention of the public to our latest and handsomest styles of Wall Paper, surpassing anything of the kind heretofore offered or manufactured. We have recently placed one of the most elegant patterns of this paper upon the walls of the Reception Parlor connected with Dr Babcock's Dental Rooms, and taking advantage of Dr. B.'s permission, would invite all those who contemplate a purchase of this nature, to call at his rooms and examine it before selecting elsewhere. CHARLES HIGHT. N. B. These papers come in a great variety of patterns. Sample book at store. Jan14 WF&M

New History of Maine, By Geo. J. Varney, specially designed for young people, but interesting to all. Received by E. F. & W. G. DUREN. Jan16

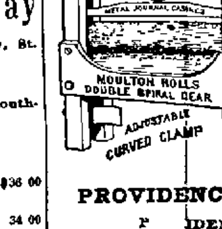
FEBRUARY, 1874. Harper, Leslie, Ballou, Demorest, &c. received by E. F. & W. G. DUREN. Jan19

NOVEMBER MAGAZINES, at E. F. & W. G. DUREN. oct29

PARTICULAR ATTENTION Is called to the ASTONISHINGLY LOW prices at which we are closing out a few lots of BOOTS & SHOES. Ladies' Beaver Top Goat Foxed Button Boots, worth from $3 00 to $5 00 a pair. Ladies' Beaver Top Goat Foxed Polish Boots, worth from $2 50 to $3 00 a pair. Ladies' Single Sole Serge Foxed Button Boots, worth $2 50 a pair. Ladies' Double Sole Serge Foxed Button Boots, worth $2 50 a pair. Ladies' Flannel Lined Slippers, only 90 cents, worth $1.25. A Lot of Men's Beaverine Boots, Small Sizes, at from $2.00 to $2.50 a pair. GREATEST BARGAINS ever offered in the city at Buzzell & Shaw's, *20 Main Street.* Jan14

YOUNG PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF MAINE, by Geo. J. Varney, Member Maine Historical Society. Sold by CHAS. HIGHT. Jan14

Providence Wringer!



Most ROLLS, Most Durable, Double Spiral COGS, Easiest Working, Adjustable Curved CLAMP Holds Firmest. PROVIDENCE TOOL CO., PROVIDENCE, R. I., J. L. WORK, Agent, 44 BROAD STREET, BOSTON, MASS. May 1, 1873 eowd1y

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS To Buyers of Dry Goods. *Entire Stock Marked way Down.* GREAT BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING. BLACK SILKS, STRIPED SILKS, AND GENERAL DRESS GOODS. A large assortment of Plaids at a great reduction from former prices. (These are deserving of particular attention.) Cloths for Ladies' and Children's Garments, consisting of Black Beavers, Frost Beavers, Caraculs, Astrachans, Fur Seal, Chinchillas, &c. Ladies' and Children's Garments manufactured to order. Shawls, Housekeeping Goods, consisting of Blankets, Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, &c., Gloves, Hosiery, Under Garments, Laces and everything in our entire stock, offered for the next thirty days at a very low figure. Customers cannot afford to buy anything in our line without first examining our stock and learning our prices. R. P. STONE, *6 and 8 East Side of Main Street.* Jan2

Sufferers Rejoice. Corns Removed without Pain By FRANK STETSON, HEAD OF PARK STREET. N. B. No chemical applications used. Ladies and gentlemen promptly attended at their places of residence. Jan26

BOSTON LEAD CO. [INCORPORATED IN 1839.] J. H. CHADWICK & CO. Ag'ts. Office, 22, 24 & 26 Oliver Street, BOSTON, MANUFACTURERS OF Boston Pure White Lead, Dry and Ground in Oil, DRY AND GROUND ZINC, LITHARGE, RED LEAD, LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, TIN PIPE, TIN-LINED PIPE, IRON PIPE & FITTINGS, PUMPS, &c., &c. Our Pure White Lead, both dry and ground in oil, we warrant to be strictly pure, and GUARANTEE that for FINENESS, BODY and DURABILITY, it is not surpassed by any Lead in the market, either foreign or American. In order to protect ourselves, we have adopted as our trade-mark an eight-pointed RED STAR, with our corporate seal in the centre. This is on every package of our Pure Lead. None genuine without [illegible] TuTh&S ly

TELEGRAPHIC TO THE Whig & Courier.

MAINE NEWS.

THE BEAUTIFUL [illegible] TRAINS DELAY[illegible]

[illegible] The most severe snow storm [illegible] commenced early this morning [illegible] during the day. The Maine [illegible] west nearly an hour late, [illegible] bound trains are two or three [illegible]

AN INCREASING [illegible]

A driving snow storm has [illegible] since nine o'clock this morning [illegible] foot has fallen and the storm [illegible] violence. The trains are all [illegible]

A FOOT OF SNOW IN [illegible]

A severe snow storm has [illegible] early this morning. At this [illegible] over a foot of snow has fallen [illegible] drifted. The morning train [illegible] reached here two hours and [illegible] late. The storm continues [illegible] tion of clearing up.

IN ROCKLAND—A FUR[illegible]

A moderate fall of snow [illegible] morning, increasing to a [illegible] storm this afternoon, which [illegible] The storm is more severe an[illegible] far greater than any [illegible] during the winter. It is [illegible] drifts in the streets. The [illegible] above 0 this morning, [illegible] during the day.

FROM AUGU[illegible]

THE LEGISLAT[illegible]

In the Senate, presented [illegible] act to repeal Chap. [illegible] relating to granting new tri[illegible] ed looking to the repeal o[illegible] Public Laws [illegible] relating [illegible] poor debtors.

The bill to provide further [illegible] inmates of the Insane Hosp[illegible] up, the pending amendment [illegible] bill passed to be engrossed a[illegible] Committee.

Engrossed—act to repeal Se[illegible] 54 R. S. relating to preser[illegible] exempt cemetery lots from a[illegible] to amend Sec. [illegible] Chap. 17 R[illegible] the appointment of guar[illegible]

IN THE HOU[illegible]

Presented—an act to amen[illegible] Special Laws of 1873 relati[illegible] the P. S. & P. R. R. in the c[illegible] act additional to chapter [illegible] 1872 relating to the jail syst[illegible] of Maine, an act additional [illegible] R. S., relating to interest, to [illegible] 65 R. S. to farms to restrain [illegible] bate from giving all per[illegible] widows, various petitions [illegible] school laws, severally the [illegible] corporate the county of [illegible] monstrance against same.

Orders passed looking t[illegible] Sec. 55, Chap. 7 R. S. to s[illegible] compensation to county [illegible] officers.

Engrossed—act to amen[illegible] relating to Deputy Town [illegible] tional to Chap. 15 of R. S. [illegible] bling in railroad cars.

COMMITTEE W[illegible]

The Committee on Mer[illegible] Insurance to day voted to r[illegible] ing bills —to incorporate t[illegible] rine Insurance Co.; the [illegible] Insurance Co., and the A[illegible] ance Co.

The Committee on Lega[illegible] grant leave to withdraw on [illegible] town of Deering for adjust[illegible]

The Judiciary Committee [illegible] to withdraw on the Bristol [illegible] the case legislation inexp[illegible] relating to a change of the [illegible] moose, deer and caribou, [illegible] bill to repeal the act allow[illegible] cessors against towns.

FROM ELWI[illegible]

THE EDWARD LITTLE [illegible]

The Auburn City Counc[illegible] proposition of the Trustee[illegible] Little Institute and the sc[illegible] be known as the Edward [illegible] committee is in conferenc[illegible] [illegible] in reference t[illegible] [illegible] estate of Edward L[illegible]

FROM PORT[illegible]

SUICIDE AT RU[illegible]

[illegible] Abbott, living at R[illegible] Sunday by cuttin[illegible] the act has been [illegible]

DOMESTIC [illegible]

FORTY-THIRD [illegible]

First Ses[illegible]

WA[illegible]

SENAT[illegible]

Mr. Flanagan presente[illegible] citizens of Georgia [illegible] A. H. Stephens [illegible] that the colored [illegible] desire the passage [illegible] the resolution of [illegible] to the same subje[illegible] Judiciary.

Mr. Logan presented [illegible] asking an equ[illegible] referred.

Mr. Logan, from the C[illegible] Affairs, reported unfa[illegible] the arming and e[illegible] body of the militia of th[illegible] amendatory of the [illegible] military prison. The c[illegible] from the conside[illegible]

Mr. Goldthwaite offere[illegible] act of March 3d, [illegible] per cent. on the [illegible] Referred.

Mr. Morrill of Vt. off[illegible] ing the President o[illegible] operator in the [illegible] connecting the C[illegible] ments of the Gove[illegible]

Mr. Conkling present[illegible] appropriations to enco[illegible] work of the Hydrogr[illegible] Com. on Commerce.

Mr. Sherman introduce[illegible] and re-issue of U[illegible] National Bank notes an[illegible] ferred.

The Senate proceeded [illegible] of bills on the calendar [illegible] hour expired and bills [illegible]

The bill authorizin[illegible] Printing to contract for [illegible] the Senate was taken u[illegible] several other bills w[illegible] Senate finally proceede[illegible] tion of the bankrupt bi[illegible] ions of the amended b[illegible] by the Judiciary Comm[illegible] Pending a discussion on [illegible] lating to attempts to [illegible] Senate went into Execu[illegible] after adjourned.

HOU[illegible]

Mr. Stowell of Virgin[illegible] fice Committee, reporte[illegible] law which limits contr[illegible] department to one year [illegible] to mail locks and keys [illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

MAINE NEWS.

THE BEAUTIFUL SNOW.

TRAINS DELAYED.

LEWISTON, Feb. 3.

The most severe snow storm of the winter commenced early this morning and continued during the day The Maine Central train west nearly an hour late, while the eastern bound trains are two or three hours behind

AN INCREASING STORM.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 3.

A driving snow storm has prevailed here since nine o'clock this morning. Nearly a foot has fallen and the storm increases in volume. The trains are all behind time.

A FOOT OF SNOW IN BRUNSWICK.

BRUNSWICK, Feb. 3.

A severe snow storm has prevailed since early this morning. At this hour (7 P. M.) over a foot of snow has fallen and it is badly drifted The morning train from Boston reached here two hours and forty minutes late The storm continues with no indication of clearing up.

IN ROCKLAND—A FURIOUS STORM.

ROCKLAND, Feb 3

A moderate fall of snow began here this morning increasing to a furious driving storm this afternoon, which still continues. The storm is more severe and the fall of snow far greater than any corresponding time during the winter It is piled in immense drifts in the streets. The mercury was 2° above at this morning rising several degrees during the day

FROM AUGUSTA.

THE LEGISLATURE

AUGUSTA, Feb. 3

In the Senate, presented and referred.—act to repeal Chap 83 of Public Laws of 1872 relating to granting new trials. Orders passed looking to the repeal of Chap 122 of Public Laws of 1873 relating to disclosure of poor debtors

The bill to provide further protection to inmates of the Insane Hospital was called up the pending amendment rejected and the bill passed to be engrossed as reported by the Committee.

Engrossed—act to repeal Secs 52, 53 and 4 I S, relating to pressed hay; act to exempt cemetery lots from attachments; act to amend Sec. 1, Chap 67, R. S, relating to the appointment of guardians.

IN THE HOUSE.

Presented—an act to amend chapter 338 of Special Laws of 1873 relating to the rights of the P S & P R R in the city of Portland, act additional to chapter 133 of Laws of 1873 relating to the jail system of the State of Maine, an act additional to chapter 45 of R S, relating to interest, to amend chapter 63 R S so far as to restrain Judges of Probate from giving all personal estate to widows various petitions for change in school laws, several petitions for act to incorporate the county of Appleton, also remonstrance against same.

Orders passed, looking to amendment of Sec Chap 75 R S, to secure a uniform compensation to county and municipal officers

Engrossed—act to amend Chap 17 R S, relating to Deputy Town Clerk, an act additional to Chap 105 of R S, relating to gambling in railroad cars.

COMMITTEE WORK.

The Committee on Mercantile Affairs and Insurance to day voted to report the following bills—to incorporate the Portland Marine Insurance Co., the Belfast Marine Insurance Co, and the Androscoggin Insurance Co

The Committee on Legal Affairs voted to grant leave to withdraw on petition of the town of Deering for adjustment of valuation.

The Judiciary Committee will report leave to withdraw on the Bristol and Bremen town line case, legislation inexpedient on an order relating to a change of the law relating to moose, deer and caribou, ought to pass on a bill to repeal the act allowing trustee process against towns

FROM LEWISTON.

THE EDWARD LITTLE HIGH SCHOOL

LEWISTON, Feb 3.

The Auburn City Council has accepted the proposition of the Trustees of the Edward Little Institute and the school will hereafter be known as the Edward Little School. A committee is in conference with Simmons, the sculptor, in reference to the erection of a bronze statue of Edward Little on the High School Park.

FROM PORTLAND.

SUICIDE AT RUMFORD.

PORTLAND, Feb. 3.

Mrs Abbott, living at Rumford, committed suicide Sunday by cutting her throat. No cause for the act has been assigned.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS

First Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3

SENATE.

Mr Flanagan presented a petition from colored citizens of Georgia denying statements of Hon. A. H. Stephens in a speech in the House, that the colored people of the State did not desire the passage of the civil rights bill and the resolution of the Georgia Legislature on the same subject. Referred to the Com. on Judiciary.

Mr Logan presented the resolution of the G. A. R., asking an equalization of bounties. Referred

Mr Logan, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported unfavorably a bill providing for the arming and equipping of the whole body of the militia of the United States; also a bill amendatory of the act to establish a military prison. The committee was discharged from the consideration of those bills.

Mr Goldthwaite offered a bill amendatory of the act of March 3d, 1865, imposing a tax of 10 per cent. on the circulation of bank notes. Referred.

Mr. Morrill of Vt. offered a resolution authorizing the President of the Senate to appoint an operator in the Senate wing for a telegraph connecting the Capitol and Executive Departments of the Government. Agreed to.

Mr. Conkling presented a petition asking for appropriations to encourage and strengthen the work of the Hydrographic Office. Referred to Com. on Commerce.

Mr. Sherman introduced a bill for redemption and re-issue of U. S. legal tenders and National Bank notes and for banking. Referred.

The Senate proceeded with consideration of bills on the calendar until the morning hour expired and bills went over.

The bill authorizing the Committee on Printing to contract for reporting debates of the Senate was taken up and passed.

Several other bills were reported and the Senate finally proceeded with the consideration of the bankrupt bill. The first six sections of the amended bill were agreed to as by the Judiciary Committee, without change. Pending a discussion on an amendment relating to attempts to defraud creditors the Senate went into Executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Stowell of Virginia, from the Post Office Committee, reported a bill providing [a] law which limits contracts in the postoffice department to one year, but shall not apply to mail locks and keys, mail bags, stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards or newspaper wrappers. Passed.

The House took up the bill reported some days since from the Banking Committee authorizing the national bank at Hagerstown, Md., to change their location to Washington and become the Citizens' National Bank.

The bill was discussed by Messrs. Phelps of New Jersey, Merriam of New York, Lowndes of Maryland, Todd of Pennsylvania, and Chipman. Passed.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the army appropriation bill. When the discussion had closed a report was made by the Election Committee that Mr. Hodges of Arkansas has prima facie right to a seat. Without action the House adjourned.

Shipwreck and Butchery!

A CREW MURDERED BY SAVAGES!

ONE SURVIVOR RESCUED!

THE LOSS OF THE PLATO.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3. A letter from Sidney, Australia, Dec. 20th, says that last week, Her Majesty's ship Dido returned here from a cruise, bringing as passenger a seamen, the sole survivor of the crew of the bark Plato The ship left here for China with coal some months ago, struck a reef north of New Caledonia, the crew escaping in one of the boats and making for Solomon's Island. On reaching their destination they were

MERCILESSLY SLAUGHTERED

by the natives. The mate shot himself rather than be tortured by the savages, and the survivor was spared from the superstitious belief that, as half a dozen arrows by which he was pierced had not touched a vital part, it would be unlucky to attack him again.

ONE MAN RESCUED.

Fortunately the Dido hearing of a white man being in captivity there, rescued him, and at the same time arrested three of the principal murderers, one of whom committed suicide by poisoning himself next night.

CONNECTICUT.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION—NO CREDENTIALS REQUIRED.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 3. The Democratic State Convention was held in this city to-day It commenced at 10 30 A. M, Hon. David Clark, Liberal Republican of Hartford, presiding. Owing to apprehensions of trouble from the two contesting delegations from this city, the report on credentials was postponed until the chief business of the Convention had been concluded.

THE OLD TICKET RENOMINATED.

Mayor Waller of New London moved to renominate the entire State ticket of the last election, Governor Ingersoll at its head. The motion was unanimously carried The old New Haven local Democratic quarrel was referred to the State Central Committee for settlement.

THE PLATFORM

invites the cooperation of all, declares unfaltering devotion to the U. S. Constitution and the Union; that the people of the States have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves as free, sovereign and independent States "subject only to the limitations contained in the U. S Constitution," asserts the reserved rights of the States, denounces the Republican administration for incompetence, extravagance and corruption; demands retrenchment and economy, denounces all salary grabbers, ring politicians and monopolists, appeals to all without regard to party affiliations to join the Democratic crusade, calls attention to the Starkweather letter, attributes the late panic to the Republican policy, and prophesies national bankruptcy unless there is a political change, urges a return to specie payments, opposes all land grants to corporations, sympathizes with the industrial classes and condemns monopolists, favors a popular vote on a Constitutional Convention, indorses the recent State Administration and promises a hearty support of the ticket.

Near the close of the proceedings a resolution was adopted expressing in general terms sympathy with the Cuban Insurgents. The Convention adjourned with enthusiastic cheers for the nominees.

BOSTON.

DIED.

BOSTON, Feb. 3. N S. Dodge, formerly quartermaster in the war, also an officer in the Treasury Department in Washington, and well known in literary circles, died at his residence in Boston yesterday.

FIRE.

A fire occurred this evening on the corner of Franklin and Congress streets in the new and elegant four story building with Mansard roof. The total loss is estimated at $35,000

THE BANK STATEMENT.

The following is a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday morning, Feb 2

Capital,	$49,3[illegible]
Loans,	12,2[illegible]
Increase,	2[illegible]
Specie,	4,2[illegible]
Decrease,	2[illegible]
Legal tenders,	11,241[illegible]
Increase,	2[illegible]
Due from other banks,	17,0[illegible]
Increase,	4[illegible]
Due to other banks,	22,8[illegible]
Decrease,	3[illegible]
Deposits,	50,5[illegible]
Increase,	1,2[illegible]
Circulation,	25,6[illegible]
Decrease,	[illegible]

LEGISLATIVE MATTERS

In the Massachusetts Senate to-day a ten hour bill for females under 18 years of age and minors was reported. The Sumner resolutions were postponed till Wednesday of next week.

In the House a number of additional petitions were presented for woman suffrage, for a separate prison for female convicts and for just and equal taxation.

THE NEW ENGLAND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY—BANGOR SUGGESTED AS THE PLACE FOR THE NEXT FAIR.

The New England Agricultural Society held its annual meeting in Boston to-day and re-elected its old officers as follows: President, Geo. B. Loring of Salem; Secretary, Hon. Daniel Needham of Groton; Treasurer, Geo. W. Riddle of Manchester, N. H. The number of Trustees from each New England State was increased from 0 to 11. By the report of the Treasurer it appears that the last annual fair held at Mystic Park, involved a loss of nearly $3000. The present balance in the hands of the Treasurer is $2,304. The meeting voted that as it was the purpose of the Society to have its fairs held in all of the States of New England, it is inexpedient to hold the next fair in Massachusetts. Bangor was suggested as an appropriate place for the next exhibition and a committee was appointed to correspond with the Maine State Agricultural Society and other State Societies on the subject.

RHODE ISLAND.

FIRE AND HEAVY LOSS.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 3. A fire in Allen's print works this evening destroyed No. 18, the calendering building, and No. 21, the steam dyeing building, in which the fire originated. Numbers 19 and 20 were slightly damaged. The loss will probably be about $100,000.

PACIFIC COAST.

DESPERATE EDITORIAL AFFRAY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3. This afternoon B. F. Napthoby, editor of the Sun, was released on bail, and while walking across California street was met by Augustus DeYoung, of the Chronicle, who, drawing a pistol, fired four or five shots at him, but without effect. DeYoung was overpowered, disarmed and taken to jail. Napthoby, who also went there for protection, was met in the prison by Michael DeYoung, who drew a revolver and tried to shoot him, but was prevented by the guard. All the parties are now under arrest.

MASSACHUSETTS.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 3. A fire in Millville, Mass., this forenoon, destroyed the large woolen mill run by James A. Stead, kept by W. A. Cole, with tenement above the dwelling house of C. L. Tibbetts, and all the mill outbuildings. John Bettey, a laborer, was burned to death. Three others were badly burned, one probably fatally.

NEW YORK STATE.

FLOODED FULTON—THE BELLS RUNG.

[illegible] says that the bells were rung to-day to warn people of a still further rise of water. The citizens turned out and [illegible] in the upper part of their houses, who were in danger from the flood. The rise is about two and a half feet above the point heretofore reached.

Gardner & Seymour's

FLOOR MILLS ARE FLOODED

and the stables so much so that the horses stood in water breast high. Large quantities of material has been removed to places of safety. The water is now within three inches of the paper mill floor and is over the floor of Dill's machine shop. It flows into the canal, but this does not, as it was hoped, help the matter. A much larger extent of the country is flooded than heretofore. The damage is large but how large at present it is impossible to tell.

THE SNOW STORM.

IN MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Feb. 3 Despatches from north and east report a heavy snow storm prevailing. At 10 A. M. from 8 to 10 inches of snow had fallen since midnight. The storm continues.

LATER—SECOND DESPATCH.

BOSTON, Feb 3. The snow storm ceased about 4 P. M. The fall is about 8 inches, light and little drifted. City horse car travel is uninterrupted Some delay of trains on long railroad routes is experienced. The weather continues overcast.

LOWELL, Feb. 3 Six inches of snow have fallen, and the storm continues unabated.—Thermometer 22° above zero.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, Feb 3. A heavy snow storm is in progress, two or three inches of snow have already fallen.

NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Feb. 3. The snow storm of yesterday continues this morning. About five inches have fallen. The snow in many places is badly drifted; wind north and very cold.

NEW YORK CITY.

EXTENSIVE COUNTERFEITING.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3 Two dollar counterfeit notes on the First National bank, Ninth National bank, Marine National bank, National bank of the State of New York and the National bank of Commerce, are in circulation. All are well executed and calculated to deceive.

SHOCKING OUTRAGE.

Morris Higgins, a hackman, and Jacob Philips were arrested for decoying into an express office and outraging Mary O'Brien, of Providence, who arrived in this city from Philadelphia. Miss O'Brien was so badly injured that she had to be taken to Bellevue Hospital.

THE NAVAL TOURNAMENT.

A despatch from Key West says the twelve vessels of the navy, at that station, have been divided into three divisions with monitors and torpedo vessels in reserve for the purpose of drilling for a grand cruise. Naval officers believe it would be well for all the fleet to go to Havana after the present cruise.

FIRE IN NEWARK, N. J.

The brick building, No. 00 Jackson street, Newark, N J, occupied by Peter Knights, india rubber cloth manufacturer, was burned last night, loss $15,000.

THE SUFFERING POOR.

There was much suffering among the poor last night, 60 men and 14 women applied for shelter at one of the police stations alone.

NEW JERSEY.

CENTENNIAL STOCK.

TRENTON, Feb 2. The Senate to-day fixed the number of shares to be taken by New Jersey in the Centennial celebration stock at $1,000, which will amount to $100,000.

PENNSYLVANIA.

THEATRICAL STRIKE.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3 The stock company at the Chestnut Street Theatre struck last night on account of non-payment of salaries, thus preventing the production of the piece.

MURDERERS SENTENCED.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 3. Lewis Rosentine and John Moody, convicted of the murder of a farmer named Behr, have been sentenced to be hanged. Rosentine admits his guilt and will probably confess fully. Moody still asserts innocence.

MILLS STARTING UP.

CATASAUQUA, Feb. 3. The Rolling Mills of the Catasauqua Manufacturing Co. which have been idle since October will resume work this week giving employment to five hundred men.

MARINE DISASTER.

WRECKED BY FLOATING ICE.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 3 A special from Annapolis states that Capt. Carey, of the schr Alabama, reports having discovered the schr. Marietta P. Matthews of Philadelphia, ice bound and sunk off Poole's Island. Capt. Carey rescued three of the crew. The remainder, including Capt Matthews, four more, left the schooner a short time before in a small boat and when last seen were being carried down the bay by the floating ice.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

JUDGE NOMINATED.

CONCORD, Feb. 3 The Governor and Council met to day and nominated Isaac W. Smith of Manchester, Judge of the Supreme Judicial Court, in place of Judge Smith, resigned.

WASHINGTON.

EQUALIZING BOUNTIES.

WASHINGTON, Feb 3 The Senate Military Committee agreed to report a bill to be hereafter framed for the equalization of bounties. It will be on the basis of the bill introduced by Senator Caldwell last year which proposed to give a uniform bounty of eight and one-third dollars per month to each and every officer and private who served at any time either in the Regular or Volunteer service between April 15, 1861 and April 15, 1867; bounty payments already paid to be deducted and the benefits of the above provision to be extended also to widows or other heirs of deceased soldiers.

REVENUE RECEIPTS AND TREASURY DISBURSMENTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were $389,376. The payments made from the Treasury by warrants, during January, were as follows:— On account of civil and miscellaneous $7,220,696 41, War $2,617,119 64; Navy $3,722,082 99; Interior, Indians and Pensions $611,275 07; Total $14,181,774 11. The above does not include payments on account of the interest or principal of the public debt.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4—1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The storm centre will move north east ward toward Nova Scotia. On Wednesday for New England, northwesterly winds and generally cloudy weather with snow.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

CONSERVATIVE GAINS.

LONDON, Feb. 3. The election in Bristol yesterday resulted in the return of Samuel Morley and Kirkman Daniel Hodgson, both Liberals and members of the late Parliament. Of the members of the new Parliament thus far chosen, the Conservatives have a majority of 102.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

There were a number of meetings of Liberals and Conservatives in the Metropolitan district last night, which were addressed by their respective candidates. The proceedings at all the gatherings were marked by much disorder.

A DISORDERLY BOROUGH.

The election in Greenwich is in progress to-day. The return of Mr. Gladstone is thought to be sure. A despatch from the Borough just received at 3.30 P. M. says that there have been a number of fights and much window smashing.

GREAT DISTURBANCES.

Despatches from a number of places throughout the Kingdom where the voting is taking place to-day, report much excitement and some rioting, especially in Bury Lancashire and Tralee, Ireland.

LOWE ELECTED.

The Right Honorable Robert Lowe was to-day elected to represent the London University in the new Parliament [illegible]

CONSERVATIVES STILL GAINING.

Midnight—The total [illegible] of Parliament elected [illegible] opposition to-day [illegible] Conservatives and 14 Liberals.

GLADSTONE RE-ELECTED.

Feb. 4—2.30 A. M. Mr. Gladstone is re-elected in Greenwich.

Mr. Boord, Conservative, is elected in place of Sir David Salomons, the late Liberal member.

GERMANY.

THE ARCHBISHOP TO BE IMPRISONED.

BERLIN, Feb. 3. A despatch from Posen says that Archbishop Ledochowski was arrested today by order of the German authorities and will be sent to Frankfort on an order to undergo imprisonment.

RUSSIA.

DOES NOT RECOGNIZE THE CENTENNIAL.

LONDON, Feb. 3. A special to the Daily News from St. Petersburg, says that Russia refuses to send goods to the Exhibition at Philadelphia in Ital., alleging that it is a private undertaking.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY AFFAIRS

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.

MONEY closed easy at 4 a 5 per cent, on call.
GOLD closed at 111¼.
STERLING EXCHANGE closed at 4.84 for prime bankers' 61 days sterling and 4.87 for demand.
Government securities closed at the following quotations:—

U S. Fives,			111¼
U S. Sixes, (coupons)		1881	118¼
U. S. 5-20s	do	1862	115¼
U. S.	do	1864	116¼
U. S.	do	1865	117¼
U. S.	do	1865 new (ex int)	116¼
U. S.	do	1867	117¼
U. S.	do	1868	117¼
U. S. 10-40s	do		114¼
Currency Sixes			115¼
Central Pacific,			95
Union Pacific, 1st mortgage			85¼

Southern State securities closed this afternoon at the following quotations:

Tennessee 6's,	81¼
Tennessee 6s. (new)	81¼
Virginia 6's,	39
Virginia 6's (new)	45
North Carolina 6's	28
North Carolina 6s (new)	18
South Carolina 6's	35
South Carolina 6s, (new	9¼
Alabama 8s,	65
Alabama 5s,	60
Georgia 6s,	65
Georgia 7's,	85
Missouri 6s,	92
Louisiana 6s,	25
Louisiana 6s, (new)	31

The Stock market closed this afternoon at the following quotations:— Western Union 75¼, Pacific Mail, 42¼, Boston Water Power Company 17¼; N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, 103¼, Harlem Railroad Company 125 pfd 118; Reading R R Company 000 Michigan Central Railroad Company 93, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company 81¼, Illinois Central Railroad Company 102; Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 87¼, Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 59¼, do preferred 72 Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company 103¼, Milwaukee & St Paul Railroad Company 46¼, do preferred 71, Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad 94¼ Wabash R R 62¼ prefd 70, Erie RR 19¼, preferred 71, Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 34¼, Boston Hartford & Erie 2¼.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb 3

COTTON is dull — sales 616 bales — middling uplands, 16¼

FLOUR is quiet — sales 10,800 bbls — State, 5 60 a 7 00, western, 5 60 a 7 30, Round Hoop Ohio, 6 45 a 6 00, Southern, 6 65 a 11.00.

WHEAT — sales 96 000 bushels — No 2 Milwaukee, 1 57 a 1 60, No. 2 Chicago, 1 55 a 1 58.

CORN is firm — sales 69,000 bush — new mixed western, 83 a 85 afloat, old, 90 a 90½ afloat.

OATS are dull — sales 38,000 bush — new mixed western, 62 a 63, white do., 63 a 63½

PORK quiet — sales 000 bbl — New mess, 16 25

BEEF unchd'd—sales 000 bbls.—Plain mess, 8 00 a 10.00, extra mess, 12 50 a 13.50

LARD is heavy—sales 1500 tierces — steam, 9 9 16 a 9½; kettle, 9½ a 10¼.

BUTTER firm — Ohio 25 a 35, State, 32 a 48.

SUGAR is dull—Muscovado, 8

COFFEE dull.

MOLASSES quiet

PETROLEUM firmer—Crude 7¼, refined, 15

TALLOW quiet—sales 41,000 lbs. at 7¼.

FREIGHTS TO LIVERPOOL heavy — Cotton per steamer 5¼, grain per steamer, 12¼.

CHICAGO, Feb 3.

FLOUR is dull.

WHEAT is quiet — No. 1 Spring, 1 25, No. 2 Spring, 1 23¼.

CORN is higher— No 2 mixed, 58¼ cash; rejected, old 54, new 49¼.

OATS steady — No. 2, 43 cash.

BARLEY is easier—No 2 Spring, 85.

RYE is quiet—No. 2, 81 a 82.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

Miniature Almanac, Wednesday, Feb. 4th.

SUN RISES,	7 02	MOON RISES,	8 23 PM
SUN SETS,	5 13	HIGH WATER,	12 15 AM
LENGTH OF DAYS	10 07		12 30 PM

—Have you lent your snow shovel?

—City Council meets to-morrow evening.

—Does anybody envy the stage drivers this winter?

—The new street letter-boxes are sources of great curiosity to the boys.

—Good dry hard wood appears to be scarce in this market, and commands high prices.

—Chapman & Wheelden's new awning was smashed by a snow slide this morning.

—Andrews' orchestra furnishes music for a grand masquerade ball at Dexter this evening

—A man dead drunk was dug out of the snow on Harlow st by officer Fancy, last night.

—The Muzzy property on the corner of Hammond and Franklin sts. has been sold to Geo A. Thatcher, Esq , for $6,500.

—The spring term of the Eastern Normal School at Castine begins on Monday, 23d inst, and continues fourteen weeks.

—Mr. A. W Doane is manufacturing some heavy silver plated door numbers at his silver-plating establishment at 42 Central st.

—The streets were almost deserted last evening and after nine o'clock nobody but policemen and reporters were abroad.

—The approach of St. Valentine's Day is already heralded by gorgeous displays in the windows of the book and toy stores.

—It is rumored that a dress ball is to be given in this city March 4th which will eclipse any affair of the kind ever occurring in the city.

—The joint standing committee of the City Council, on accounts and claims, will hold their regular monthly meeting at the Aldermen's room this afternoon.

—Several cars of the E. & N. A. through freight train from this city got off the track near Bancroft, Monday, and delayed the eastern bound passenger train so that it was five hours late at St. John.

—The first of the series of Assemblies which was to have begun at Acadian Hall last evening, was on account of the storm postponed and will occur on Tuesday evening of next week.

—The spring term of the Maine State College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts begins to-morrow. Several new students have made application to join the Freshman Class.

—All persons attending the winter meeting of the Maine Board of Agriculture at Wiscasset next week, who go over the Maine Central and Knox & Lincoln Railroads, will be presented with free return tickets.

—The annual meeting of the Penobscot County Poultry Society was held at the Common Council room yesterday forenoon. No business of importance was transacted and the meeting adjourned till Tuesday, Feb. 17.

—It will be seen by the report of the doings of the New England Agricultural Society published in our telegraph columns, that there is a probability that this city will be selected as the place at which to hold the next New England Fair.

—Eliphalet Watson of Fort Fairfield, aged about 17 years, was thrown from a sled on which he was coasting last Saturday, and striking on his face, his nose was cut off, and turned down so that with the upper lip it hung only by a bit of skin.

—The meetings of the Bangor Library Society in the Common Council room, Monday evenings, are quite well attended and very interesting. [illegible]

—[illegible]

—animal showed an excellent appetite, but barring some loss in weight, did not seem the worse for its long abstinence.

"IN THE ORIGINAL GREEK." A merchant at Mattawamkeag recently received the following order:—

"Plese Sir Sent 3 Pound of Sol letter As Sounds this comto you ——— BaSSdonke."

A long and patient study resulted in the following translation: "Please, Sir, send 3 pounds of sole leather as soon as this comes to you. ———, Passadumkeag." And nobody can deny that that merchant is competent to testify as an expert in a case of disputed handwriting.

SCOUTS OF THE PLAINS. This evening Buffalo Bill, (Hon. W. F. Cody,) Texas Jack, (J. B. Ornhundro,) and Wild Bill, (J. B. Hickok,) will appear for the first time in this city. They are the "original articles," and there will naturally be much curiosity to see them in their new sensation drama "The Scouts of the Plains." With them appears M'lle Morlacchi, the fine danseuse and pantomime actress, and Frank Mordaunt, supported by a dramatic company. M'lle Morlacchi makes her appearance in three different dances in the opening comedietta, and will sing a cavatina from the opera of Ernani. Reserved seats are for sale at Davenport's

THE HEAVIEST SNOW STORM FOR YEARS —that's what everybody calls it—commenced early yesterday morning, and continues as we go to press. The fall of snow during the day was not unusually heavy, but towards six o'clock in the evening it came faster, and all night long, with unceasing vigor, the big flakes fell so thickly that a street lamp could hardly be seen twenty feet away. By three o'clock this morning not less than two feet of snow had fallen, and the high northeast gale which accompanied the storm had piled up huge drifts in every direction. Fortunately for road breakers, the snow is light; otherwise they would have a serious task, and even now it will be no light job to clear the streets and roads There's one consolation about it, Bangor is not the only place which the storm has visited, as will be seen by an inspection of our telegraph columns

THE TRAINS had a hard time of it on account of the storm yesterday. The night train from Boston arrived here two hours behind time in the morning, and the short trains were all more or less delayed during the day The Piscataquis train got in half an hour late, and the E. & N. A. train from St. John an hour and a half late. The Pullman train for Boston awaited the arrival of the latter, and would have gone out after it came, but unfortunately the snow plow got off the track near the engine house and at midnight had not been replaced. A large number of passengers from the Provinces who were bound West, waited half the night in the station, but most of them gave up the idea of going farther and came up town to the hotels The day train from Boston was four hours late at Augusta, and six and a half hours late at Newport, but, provided with powerful locomotives and a snow plow, kept pegging away at the drifts and arrived here about 3½ o'clock this morning.

THE QUEEN CITY DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION give an entertainment in City Hall this evening, which, judging by the brisk sale of tickets at Bugbee & Co.'s, will be largely attended. A capital programme has been arranged for the entertainment, as will be seen below, and the affair promises to be well worth attending.

PROGRAMME.

Overture to Poet and Peasant — Andrews' Orchestra	Suppe
Reading—"Darius Green and his Flying Machine" — L. A. Barker	
Flute Duett — Messrs Brett and Littlefield	Selected
Reading—"Angels of Buena Vista." — Miss Bertha Lord.	
Reading—Scenes from Richard III and Othello — L. Frank Gowen.	
Recitation—Parhasius and the Captive" — Fred. W Ayer.	
Song — Miss Dora Wiley.	Selected
Overture to La Sonnambula — Andrews' Orchestra.	Bellini
Reading—'Fa her Phil's Collection" — John L Wooderson	Lever.
Character Song—"Uncle Joe." — Victor Brett	Smith
Reading—"Over the Hill to the Poor House" — Miss S. Stockwell	Carleton
Reading—"Over the Hill from the Poor House — L. A. Barker	Anon
Song — Miss Dora Wiley	Selected
NOIR ET BLANC.	

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

FEBRUARY, CRIMINAL, TERM—JUDGE CUTTING PRESIDING.

Tuesday, Feb. 3d The Court came in at 10 o'clock A. M, and the term was opened with prayer by Rev S. P Fay. The following Grand Jurors answered to their names —

Moses Giddings, Bangor, Foreman.
Jeremiah Page, Burlington
Thos. Parks, Clifton.
Thos. Perry, Bradford
Silas Smith, Chester
Elbridge G Smith, Newburgh
Thos. F Eddy, Corinth
Noah W Johnson, Garland
Charles Boyd, Newport.
Wm. McDonald, Bangor.
James Harlow, Brewer.
Hiram Y. Bickford, Dixmont.
John H Blanchard, Hampden.
Washington M. Baker, Orrington.
Hiram Stevens, Carroll.
Geo. H. McKechnie, Alton.

After listening to a brief address on their duties, by the Court, the Grand Jury proceeded to their room where they were occupied during the remainder of the day in the consideration of the criminal business of the term presented before them by County Attorney Hutchings.

BOARD OF TRADE AND MANUFACTURES.

ADJOURNED MEETING.

An adjourned meeting of the Bangor Board of Trade and Manufactures was held at the *Northern Border* office yesterday afternoon, with the President, R. S. Prescott, Esq., in the chair.

The committee—Messrs. Warren, Schwartz and Lord—appointed at the annual meeting, to nominate Standing Committees, made a report, which was accepted, and the committees were chosen as follows:—

On Relations of the Board to the City—Messrs. Lysander Strickland, R. S. Prescott and Llewellyn J. Morse.

On Statistics—Messrs. G. W. Merrill, J. S Wheelwright and Michael Schwartz.

On Trade—Messrs. J. C. White, Chas W. Roberts and James B. Fiske.

On Manufactures—Messrs. Thos. N. Egery, H. H. Fogg and Thomas Hersey.

On Shipbuilding—Messrs. David Bugbee, John Holyoke and D. R Stockwell.

On Transportation—Messrs. William Flowers, Charles Hayward and Joseph P. Bass.

The subject of establishing a manufactory of woolen hose in this city was discussed and approved, and Messrs. T. N. Egery, J. C. White and H. B. Williams were appointed a committee to confer with Mr. W. A. Rice, the gentleman who proposes to establish the mill, and report at the next meeting.

Mr. O. H. Ingalls was appointed to collect the annual dues from members of the Board—the annual assessments have been fixed at $5.

The Secretary read a remonstrance against granting a charter for the construction of a railroad bridge across the Penobscot river, at or near Bucksport, which he was instructed to prepare at the last meeting. It was approved, and the President and Secretary were instructed to sign and forward it to Mr. Morse [illegible] to the Legislature [illegible]:

To the Honorable, the Legislature of the State of Maine:—

The undersigned, by instruction of the Bangor Board of Trade and Manufactures, would hereby respectfully [illegible]

[illegible] a bill [illegible] for the construction of a railroad bridge over the Penobscot, at or near the village of Bucksport, to be used in connection with the projected Shore Line Railroad;

Second.—That, though warm friends to the building of said road, we can see no necessity for crossing the Penobscot river at that point, or near it, as there is now under process of construction a link in the same road connecting it with the general railroad system of the State at Bangor;

Third.—That, were there no other outlet than to cross the river, it would still be inexpedient to construct at that point a bridge, as the damage to the navigation and commerce of the river by such a structure, above and below, would be greater than all the advantages to be derived, not only from said bridge, but from the whole Shore Line Railroad itself, which the said bridge would accommodate;

Fourth.—That the free use of the Penobscot river, now as ever open to all the States and to all the commercial nations, is of inestimable value to the people and business of the whole State; and consequently any impediment to the full and unmolested use of it would be a detriment to the business and growth of the whole State, and not simply to that portion of our population residing and doing business along its course;

Fifth.—That so large a river as the Penobscot, open to all the States, as well as to the trade of other countries, and with a national fortification on its banks, must be treated and regarded to a great extent, as national property; and we suggest whether the State has the right to obstruct the free navigation of it, especially when such damage can be so easily avoided as by running the trains of the road to its legal and natural terminus at Bangor, where it connects by a bridge now in process of construction, with the entire railroad system of the country.

And in consideration of these facts, as well as many others of a similar nature, but too numerous for record in so brief a document, we, the undersigned, officers of the Bangor Board of Trade and Manufactures, by a unanimous vote of said body instructed so to do, would and do hereby respectfully remonstrate to your honorable body against the granting of any right by charter or otherwise, to any person or persons applying for the purpose, of damaging your remonstrants and our citizens and the public generally by the erection of a railroad bridge across our largest and most commercial river at or anywhere near the point contemplated by those asking of you this privilege.

All of which is most respectfully submitted By order of the Board of Trade and Manufactures.

(Signed) R S PRESCOTT, President.
B. F. TEFFT, Secretary.

Bangor, Feb 3d, 1874

The Board, after discussion of some matters of no public importance, adjourned one week

CITY AFFAIRS

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN, }
Feb 3, 1874.

Special meeting at the call of the Mayor.

Petition of C. F. Shepley et al. for street between Division and Jefferson streets, to be named Prentiss street, referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolve accepting the trust of the funds bequeathed by the late Hon. Franklin Muzzy to the Bangor Mechanic Association, finally passed.

Communication of City Treasurer stating indebtedness of J. P. Bass for sewerage, reau, and an abatement of $16 73 ordered.

Order for Chief Engineer of Fire Department to raise a Company for the new chemical fire engine "Little Giant," was refused a passage."

Orders passed—

For re numbering the streets and squares of the city, for Committee on Schools to visit every school room in the city, examine the facilities for warming and ventilation, and ascertain how often they are visited by the Superintendent of Schools and School Committee, for Aldermen Humphrey and Tobin, with such as the Common Council may join, to prepare a remonstrance against the granting by the Legislature of authority to extend a wharf into the Penobscot river as prayed for by M Lincoln, remonstrating against the passage by the Legislature of an act granting authority for the construction of a railroad bridge across the Penobscot river at or near Verona, and the Mayor, City Solicitor, Alderman Blake and the President of the Common Council instructed to proceed to Augusta and appear before the Legislative committee to whom the matter was referred, to oppose the act.

IN COMMON COUNCIL

Petition of C F. Shepley et al for naming street "Prentiss street," referred to Committee on Streets

Resolve accepting trust of Hon. Franklin Muzzy's bequest to Mechanic Association, finally passed

Orders passed—

For re-numbering streets and squares, directing Committee on Schools to visit school rooms, etc; appointing Messrs. Lord of Ward 5, Bragg and Conners on joint special committee to prepare remonstrance against the Legislature granting leave for M. Lincoln et al to extend wharf into river, remonstrating against passage by Legislature of act granting leave to build railroad bridge across the Penobscot at or near Verona, and instructing Mayor and others to oppose it before the Legislative committee.

THE PRESIDENT'S HORSES In a letter from Washington, "Burleigh" writes to the Boston *Journal* as follows concerning the President's horses and carriages

The fuss the papers make over the carriages and outfit of the President, all prepared one for the quite ordinary stud Gen. Grant keeps for his own use and that of his family The old stable of Buchanan's time is now partly a conservatory and partly a woodshed. Nearly a quarter of a mile away, on a new and yet uncultivated part of the public grounds—outside the Presidential Gardens—stands a low, brick edifice, somewhat castellated, and this is the Presidential stable. A coach of modern style, trimmed wholly in black, except the handles, with no ornament of any kind but "U S G." on the panels, is the state and family carriage of the Chief Magistrate. It would not be a fashionable coach for a New York snob. It would need but little change to turn it into a first class mourning carriage. A small, light driving wagon is the favorite for the President when he drives himself. To this is hitched a small black mare of marvelous speed that came from the State of Maine. The carriage horses are beauties. One of these is over sixteen hands high. He was picked up in a hack in this city, where he attracted no attention. He cost but $400. He could not now be purchased at any price A fine sum would be paid for a mate A pair of black ponies of great speed and grit, driven to a low basket wagon, with a rumble behind, is the favorite team of Miss Nellie Grant. The horse of mark in the stable is Cincinnatus, the old war horse of the President. This animal is a deep mahogany bay, slender and of wonderful symmetry. His life work is done. He is eighteen, a cripple, and will live in clover to the end of his days. A four year old colt of great size and speed completes the horse outfit of Gen. Grant.

THE ESCAPE OF HARRY GENET. Now that Henry W. Genet and his friends are probably safe in South America, a man well acquainted with the party, and who at the time was in the secret, has furnished the following facts regarding their escape: On Monday morning, Dec. 22, Genet entered a coach drawn by fleet horses, which had been kept in readiness near his house, and was driven rapidly to Pelham bridge. Here a fast yacht was in waiting, having on board Norton, Coman and Walsh. Sail was immediately hoisted, and the boat sped away to a three-masted schooner anchored near Communipaw. The clearance papers had been made out for the schooner to sail on Monday, Dec. 22, for St. Mary's river. The papers were afterwards changed for St. Mary's river and Rio Janeiro. The schooner sailed on Tuesday, the 23d, for South America. The vessel had been fitting up for three months for Prince Harry and his friends, and the first day was passed on board, while waiting to sail, in a lively game of draw poker. It was the intention of Genet to sail on his old friend, Henry Meigs, the railroad king of South America, and after a few weeks, visit his brother in the Sandwich Islands.

The Graphic says that "On, Stanley, on!" were undoubtedly the last words of Livingstone.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

OSHKOSH.—The Syrup (Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites) gives the best of satisfaction, no fault has yet been found with it, and [illegible] say they have not been benefited by its use. [illegible] H. G. CASWELL, [illegible]
OSHKOSH, Wisconsin, February, 1872.

TAGS.—We keep on hand an assortment of DENNISON'S TAGS, which we will print to order at very low prices.

LYNDE HOTEL, Rockland, is extensively patronized. Why? Because they set a good table, have pleasant rooms, good beds, and extend courteous treatment to all.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF WINTERPORT

TUESDAY, Feb 3.

ARRIVED.

Sch Chattanooga, Snare, Bucksport, to load for Florida; Sch A E Elliott Sproul Belfast.

CLEARED.

Steamer Katahdin, Rix, Boston

CASTINE Ar Jan 29th, sch Union, Mills, from Boston

Ar Jan 30th sch Tiara, Chatto from Portland.

Coal! Coal!

The undersigned has on hand a large quantity of first class

Lehigh and White Ash Coal,

of the various sizes, which is offered at the

LOWEST PRICES

Orders left at my office KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, promptly filled.

T. G. STICKNEY.

Jan27 sn 3taw1w

MISS AGNES FORREST,

DRESS MAKER,

NO. 7 GARLAND LANE,

(Between French and Centre Sts.)

Will take work home, or go out by the day, as desired. jan22 sn eod2w

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A depressed, irritable state of mind, a weak, nervous exhausted feeling, no energy or animation, confused head, weak memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excess, mental overwork or indiscretions This NERVOUS DEBILITY finds a sovereign cure in HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges, dispels the mental gloom and despondency and rejuvenates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $2 vial of powder, which is important in old serious cases, or $1 per single box. Sold by ALL Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price Address HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO, No 562 BROADWAY, N. Y.
nov22 sn eodtim

TAGS MERCHANTS and MANUFACTURERS will best insure their shipments to their destination by using DENNISON'S PATENT SHIPPING TAGS! Over Two Hundred Millions have been used within the past ten years, without complaint of loss by Tag becoming detached All Express Co's use them. Sold by Printers and Stationers every where sn eod3m

People will Buy

PIANOS & ORGANS

where they can get the best for the least money. Any one doubting this fact should go to the Music Rooms of

PATTEN & WHEELDEN

and see for themselves.
dec1 d&w

BUSINESS NOTES,

UNITED STATES,
STATE OF MAINE,
CITY, AND TOWN

BONDS,

Gold Coin,

Canada & Province Money,

GOLD COUPONS,

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS,

112 Exchange st., Bangor, Me.

Deposits received and Interest allowed thereon at rates to be agreed upon
January 21, 1874 d&w2w4

State of Maine.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }
January 12 1874 }

Ordered, The Senate concurring that all petitions for private legislation except those for redress of wrongs and grievances which may be presented to this Legislature after Wednesday the fourth day of February be referred to the next Legislature, and that this order be published in the Daily Kennebec Journal, Daily Eastern Argus, Portland Press and Bangor Daily Whig and Courier until that date

Read and passed. Sent up for concurrence
S J CHADBOURNE, Clerk.

IN SENATE, }
January, 13, 1874. }

Read and amended by adding after 'Whig and Courier' the words "and Lewiston Daily Journal," and passed

Sent down for concurrence
SAMUEL W LANE, Secretary.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }
January 14, 1874 }

Read and concurred
S. J CHADBOURNE Clerk

A true copy. Attest
jan15 SAMUEL W LANE, Secretary

MEDALLION

Portable Range!

Water Fronts to all sizes

Plain and Hot Closets.

Call and see it.

W. H. Pritchard,

Nos. 3 and 4 State Street, Bangor.
nov7

PARIS, 1867. VIENNA, 1873

The following is received at our New York Office:

WORLD'S EXPOSITION, }
VIENNA, Aug. 18th, 1873. }

The WHEELER & WILSON Manufactory Company has been awarded the Grand Medal of Progress, and is the only Sewing Machine Company recommended by the International Jury for the Grand Medal of Merit, and Diploma of Honor.
(Signed) WOOD"
aug23 tf

PROVINCE HOUSE

ON EUROPEAN PLAN,

163 Washington and 11 Province Court, opposite Old South Church, Boston.

G. A. COWAN, Proprietor.
(Late of Parks House.)

This House is newly opened. Everything new throughout. Rooms by the day or week. [illegible]

PATENTS [illegible] for Inventions. Pamphlet sent free. [illegible] Boston.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS

For Inventions, Trade Marks or Designs.

No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, Boston,

After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also, in Great Britain, France, and other Foreign countries Caveats, Specifications, Assignments, and all papers for Patents executed on reasonable terms, with despatch. Researches made to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy* and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office. EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents"

"Mr R H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for Patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges JOHN TAGGART"

Boston Jan 1, 1874 3tawly

Caution!

Whereas my wife, Annah S Goodnow having left my bed and board, without cause, I hereby caution all persons against harboring or trusting her on my account as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

GEORGE H. GOODNOW

Enfield January 26, 1874

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, Executrix of the Will of Orin Collins late of [illegible] in said County deceased respectfully represents that the goods and chattels rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration by the sum of twelve hundred dollars

Wherefore your petitioner prays your honor to grant her a license to sell at public or private sale and convey all the real estate of said deceased to wit [illegible] and [illegible] the reversion of the widow's dower therein to satisfy said debts expenses of sale and charges of administration

Said real estate is the same described in a Deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County.

MARTHA L COLLINS

Jan 24, 1874

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate January Term A D 1874

Upon the foregoing petition ORDERED That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier a newspaper published in Bangor in said County that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E GODFREY Judge

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT, Register

A true copy of the petition and order thereon

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss Court of Probate, January Term, A D 1874

Upon the petition of John F Burgyes, widower of Elletta Burgyes, late of Bangor, in said County deceased, that the administration of the estate of said deceased may be granted to Frederic M Laughton of said Bangor

ORDERED That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County citing them to appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted

JOHN E GODFREY Judge

Attest —AMBROSE C FLINT, Register 5

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss Court of Probate, January Term A D 1874

Upon the Petition of Josiah Post Hopkins, of Bangor, in said County that as aforesaid he might be passed changing his name to George Henry Hopkins,

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper, published in Bangor, in said County, citing them to appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted

JOHN E GODFREY Judge

A true copy—Attest

6 AMBROSE C FLINT, Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss Court of Probate January Term A D 1874

Accounts having been filed for settlement in the estate of

BENJAMIN S DEANE, Bangor, John B Boden, Adm'r,
DANIEL B, NORWOOD, Bangor, Joseph F. Snow Ex'r,
JOHN S PEARSON, Bangor, Sarah A. Pearson, Adm'x,
GEORGE WISWELL Holden Charles Wiswell, Adm'r,
HERBERT L KNOWLES Corinna, Robert Knowles, Adm
SIMON SIDFLINKER Bangor, Mary J S dclinker, Adm'r,
JOSHUA ELLIS, Hampden James Rogers, Adm'r

ORDERED, That said Accountants give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, and one insertion in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier newspapers published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed

JOHN E GODFREY, Judge

A true copy—Attest

3 AMBROSE C FLINT, Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate, January Term, A D 1874

Upon the petition of Elmira Hammond, Widow of Clark Hammond, late of Hermon, in said County deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed

ORDERED, That said Widow give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause if any they have why the same should not be granted

JOHN E GODFREY, Judge

A true copy—Attest

3 AMBROSE C FLINT, Register

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot

The undersigned administrator of the estate of Theodore James late of Dr [illegible] in said County [illegible] respectfully represents that the goods and chattels rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration

Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant him a license to sell at public or private sale and convey all the right title and interest of said Theodore James at the time of his decease in and to one-half [illegible] of the [illegible] thereon situated in said [illegible] of Penobscot of the real estate of the deceased to satisfy said debts expenses of sale and charges of administration

Said real estate is the same described in a deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County

JOHN [illegible]

January 27 1874

STATE OF MAINE

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate January Term A D 1873

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor in said County that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon and show cause if any they have why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted

JOHN E. GODFREY Judge

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT Register

A true copy of the petition and order thereon

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT Register

To the Honorable Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, now in session at Bangor, in and for the County of Penobscot

Hannah Martin of Diamont, in the County of Penobscot, wife of Aaron F. Martin, now of California, respectfully libels and gives this Honorable Court to be informed, that she was lawfully married to the said Martin at Detroit, in the County of Somerset, on the 25th day of June 1859, and has since had by him two children, now living, viz Mary Lizzie and George W.

That your libelant since their intermarriage has always behaved herself as a faithful, chaste and affectionate wife towards her said husband, but that the said Martin, wholly regardless of his marriage covenant and duty, has cruelly treated your libelant, has neglected to provide for the necessary wants of herself and children, has expended his money upon other women with whom he has been very intimate, and with whom, as your libelant has reason to believe, and does believe, he has had improper intercourse, whose names are to your libelant unknown, that on or about the month of November, A. D. 1873, he sold what of the household furniture he could, took all the money he could get together and left for California, leaving your libelant with her two children penniless, saying, as he left, "he should never come back to me again," since which time your libelant has been compelled to go out to work for her own support and that of her two children, and has received nothing from her said husband to aid her since his said desertion.

Wherefore the said libellant prays right and justice, and that she may be divorced from the bonds of matrimony between her and her said husband, and that the custody and education of her two children may be committed and entrusted to her

And as in duty bound will ever pray.

HANNAH MARTIN

Bangor, January 10th, 1874.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Supreme Judicial Court, January Term, 1874.

HANNAH MARTIN vs. AARON F. MARTIN.

On the foregoing libel, ordered—That said libelant give notice to the said libelee of the pendency thereof, by publishing an attested copy of said libel and this order of Court thereon, three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a paper published in Bangor in said County, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the next term of said Court, to be holden at Bangor in and for said County, on the first Tuesday of April next, that he may then and there appear in our said Court, and show cause, if any he have, why the prayer of said libelant should not be granted.

Attest, E. C. BRETT, Clerk of Court thereon.

A true copy of libel and order of Court thereon.

Attest, E. C. BRETT, Clerk.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TRIFLES

There's a story old
By wise ones told,
How a heart was once by young Love broken,
But when the feat
He [illegible] coat,
This kind advice by Venus spoken
Withhold the careless urchin's blow
Softly, my boy, for well you know
Your touch upon the fairy things—
[illegible] with his wings

Hearts were not made
(So Venus said)
For such as you to trample o'er
Just lightly play,
Then steal away
And leave them lovely as before!
Mother, he sighed, 'tis vain, I [illegible]
However light my touch may be
The lines that once my fingers trace
[illegible] can efface!

— *Harper's Magazine for February*

UNDER THE MOUNTAINS

(Concluded.)

Else came down from the pasture, Christian Amrhein went about his farm, and no one as yet knew of any change in the two—it remained a secret between them, and there was another secret which they did not even share with each other—the sorrow from which each was suffering. "She is happy again now," Christian would say to himself with a sigh, all the while vigorously cutting away at the flowery grass as if he had no other thought in life. "He will soon be betrothed to Anna Lenz," mused Else. How little we know of the hearts even of our dearest!

Wit we Rothler knew no more than the rest of the world. Christian had not been to the house—it was true, but to her practical soul, [illegible] was more important than love making any day. She was ill, too, and Else was glad to remain in the house and at [illegible] rather than risk a meeting with Christian. It would come before long, she knew; the little village was too small for neighbors to avoid each other, and the poor have not the luxury of the rich—departure. Such an idea never entered the young farmer's head. I do not even know whether to such home loving souls it would not have been even a fresh trouble instead of a relief at any rate, he would stay work when his time came, die and be buried in the little churchyard with its wooden black crosses covered with withered wreaths and set in the midst of quaint little box like flower beds.

One evening he had to speak about some farming business with Thomas Sturm, the grandson of old Wilhelm. The men leant against a low wall in front of the inn, and looked down at the green water under their feet. The day had been hot and the evening was even more sultry, yet the lake beneath the wall and every now and then a sudden puff of air came into their faces. Nothing could have been more full of beauty than the cloud forms which rested upon the top of the mountains, softening without hiding the rosy gleams behind. There was a curious stillness, a [illegible] little movement to the eye but sounds of distant rumblings and wailings as if some mighty power were drawing near. A tame goat bleating piteously, came and thrust his nose into Christian's hand, the men lifting themselves wearily, looked over the lake, now stirred to its very depths and then at each other. For a few minutes neither spoke; it seemed as if the oppressive stillness kept them silent, then a sweep of fresh air rushed across the water sudden and momentary.

"It is the Fon," said Thomas at last, breaking the spell.

The Fon. A hot, sultry, furious hurricane coming up from the great African deserts, lashing the lake into fury, battling with adverse currents, sweeping off every little obstacle in its way, slamming open doors, loose shutters tearing down the pretty bright flower pots from the window sills, unroofing sheds, scattering everything far and wide—The people came running out from their doors in terror; the Fon, the Fon in every mouth; the cure was there, Henrich Lenz the inn keeper, all the women who were not up on the pastures, running, shutting doors, doing all they could against the sudden attack. The village was very like a great family, and Christian, as the largest proprietor, was looked up to as a kind of head.

There was no sleep that night. The Fon took care of that. The fierce hot blasts raged with increasing violence, people hurried about in the strange sultry darkness with a horrible oppression weighing upon them.

When morning came they hoped that, as is frequently the case, the violence of the wind would moderate, but the increasing light only seemed to make the havoc more apparent; trees were torn up by their roots, great green branches of walnut wrenched off and tossed to and fro, other trees, that as yet had resisted the destroying power were scorched and withered as if by fire, houses were unroofed, shutters hanging loose, the new mown hay whirled far away from the meadows, the white daturas torn, broken, discolored, fierce leaping waves raging against the wall, all the delicate pastoral beauty swept away by this awful resistless force. There was no shutting it out, no conquering it.

In the village the second night was not so confused as the first, for though the causes for alarm remained, the people had become a little used to them. Some of the women stayed composedly in their houses a few even slept overpowered by fatigue and the dry, stifling heat, but the greater part had taken refuge in the church and had gathered their children there.

"How long will this last?" asked the priest of Thomas Sturm, when the morning light revealed further work of destruction.

"Only heaven knows," answered Thomas, "but [illegible] my old father has never seen such a Fon."

"[illegible] shall be content if nothing worse comes," said Christian, who had joined them.

"Worse?"

"I am thinking of the stream. This wind will melt the snows."

The Cure was a brave man, but he looked at Christian for a moment with the trouble of a new horror in his eyes. Thomas broke in—"No fear. My father says the Fon melts too gently for that work, and he knows its ways better than any man in the valley."

"That is true," Christian answered, "yet I cannot feel at rest about it."

"My father is sure to be right," said Thomas obstinately.

Just then his youngest child, a golden haired round faced little girl, escaped from her mother, and came running to him, stretching out her little hands, half crying, half triumphant in her struggle with the hurricane. He lifted her in his arms, held her tight, and wrapped his coat round her. So the two remained. Her head against his breast, his arms clasping her.

"Let us go and give a look at the streams," said Christian.

"It is no higher than I have seen it twenty times," said Thomas, with a triumphant confidence in old Wilhelm's experience. He had little Marie's soft golden head pressed closely against him and was holding her tenderly.

"I believe all is safe," Christian said, turning away, and then with a sudden shout of horror, and a clutch at Thomas' arm—"Ah, dear heaven!" he cried, "look—look!"

For from the height where, on peaceful summer days, they could see the little innocent stream dancing downwards, a vast body of yellow water was coming, leaping, raging, spreading over the rock, hurling great trees before it, with a roar before which the Fon sank into insignificance. Swift and terrible this new enemy rushed upon the unconscious village for a moment its awful approach stunned Christian, then with a cry from the very depths of his heart he sprung to meet it—it was like a terrible nightmare; he ran yet did not seem to move, his arms were stretched out, "Else! heart's beloved!" he cried in agony. There was the farm, he did not see it, he saw only the cottage with its closed windows. Quiet? ah!—the roar was in his ears—upon him, he saw the walls rock, gape, fall—one moment, and the awful enemy had him in his grasp, and was whirling him along unconscious, inert.

In the dim little church were the Cure and his small congregation, almost all the women, a number of children, and a few old men.—The Cure who had just entered, was kneeling in prayer, the women were huddled together in little groups, many had been there all night, others had now come in, one girl among these latter knelt a little apart, her face buried in her hands. Suddenly it seemed as if the noise and fury outside increased tenfold, with it came the rush of water, and a shrill, terrible shriek, piercing the dull roar and the hearts of the listeners. The women started from their knees to the door; the Cure, who was there as soon as they, was the first to open it, standing so as to keep back the eager, terrified group. But they saw.

Some fell on their knees; others, shrieking wildly, "Fritz!" "Thomas!" "Mother!" names at the same moment dearer than life, tried to rush out into the flood. It was all the priest could do to hold the door against them, and to force it back and bolt it. For, in spite of the church standing on its little hill, the yellow turbid water was there at his feet, and as the door opened, gushed in a little stream into the building. The women broke out into an agonized wail; Lisa Sturm dragged herself on her knees to the Cure; "Let me go, let me go," she sobbed; "I have Thomas out there," and then, looking round her wildly, "Ah, and my little Marie, too!"

"Yes, poor mother." With her head on her father's breast.

Then a young girl pressed up against him frantically.

"I must be let out," she cried desperately, trying the lock. "I must, I must. I am Else Rothler, and my poor mother is ill in her bed. I only came for one minute, because she would not rest unless I did. I hear her crying to me, 'Else, Else!' Oh, your reverence you were always good, to me—let me out!"

What could the poor priest do? The terrible pathos of those beseeching voices pierced his heart like a knife. He did the best he could. There, by the door, under which the little yellow stream of water was gurgling, he knelt down.

"My children," he said in a voice of unutterable compassion, "there is One who once stilled the hungry waves into a great calm—Let us pray to him."

What a prayer! But it calmed them, as he expected; those who had been frantic now only wept softly, Lisa Sturm saying over and over again, under her breath, "My little Marie! my little Marie!"

The Fon had suddenly moderated, as if its work was finished the hot sun shone over head, the mountains, unmoved by the din and turmoil beneath, lay with the majestic light of heaven upon their faces, but here, in this little nest of homes, where but a short time ago it had seemed all sweet plentiful peace, what a contrast! No green meadows were left, here and there a little hillock just raised its crest above the yellow muddy waters, a few trees remained to show where orchards had smiled, half a dozen houses were like the church itself, surrounded, but not destroyed everywhere else were gaunt, wooden ribs rising out of the water, solitary gables, posts, bits of roofs, perhaps a broken balcony hanging to the side, all round a terrible desolation, a floating waste of woods, tree dead animals—what else? Everything was invested with a horrible, nameless dread.

The flood was not rising. It came toward them in waves, and was at least ten feet deep below the church, but whether a large outlet had been forced into the lake, or from some other reason, it did not appear to grow higher.

"If I only could get out," sighed the Cure.

Then one of the old men cried out to them from the tower windows in a feeble, cracked voice of exultation. "A boat is coming. We see it."

Despair changed to excitement, and every movement of the boat was proclaimed by eager women.

"It draws nearer!"

"Ah dear heaven! how slowly they row."

"Think of the current."

"Where can they land?"

The boat came on—slowly. Some one stood up in it and waved, and a woman fell down on her knees in the water. "It is Walther my Walther!" she cried, sobbing and laughing at once.

Lisa Sturm said humbly, with a quiver in her voice which went to the Cure's heart, "Will your reverence be good enough to tell me the moment you see our little Marie. My eyes are not what they were, and the child is such a little thing," and then she broke off and looked at him wistfully.

"Thomas is not there," said old Wilhelm, shading his eyes with his hand, and shaking his head.

"I think he would not come in the first boat," she answered in the same pleading tone, "but the child—she is so little."

The priest took her hand greatly touched. "Lisa," he said very quietly, "sometimes our Father takes His little children from our arms into His."

For he had seen that little Marie was not in the boat.

The boat rowed up women rushed into the water and dragged it in with cries of joy—Who was there? Karl Franz Walther, Fritz Plater, Heinrich Lenz, two women, and two dark figures lying at the the bottom of the boat. All the men were more or less hurt, all looked solemn and awe stricken. In the midst of a torrent of questionings they kissed their wives or mothers without any outbreak of joy. The Cure and the others went to lift out the dark figures.

"Jammed in some woodwork," said Franz briefly.

Johann Schmitt was taken out first—white, motionless, with sodden clothes. His wife was away at the Sennen Alps.

"He is dead," some one said in a hushed voice, and no person contradicted it, but they carried their sad burden into the church and the priest directed them how to use certain simple remedies. As he went back to the boat he met the second little procession—the second heavy, silent burden more ghastly than the last, from a deep, cruel cut across the head.

"Who is it?" asked the priest, who could not recognize the face.

"Christian Amrhein," said Fritz, to whom his mother was clinging rapturously.

And then the Cure saw that Else was at the head. She had run out from the church and was in the boat before any one could stop her kissing the white, stained face in passionate silence, and as she would let no one take her place, the men had passed a coat under his head. They all loved Christian and were very tender with him, but they shook their heads in answer to the Cure's questioning look. When they laid him down gently a whisper went round, and the good priest tried to draw the girl away, but she lifted her head and looked at them all resolutely.

"He is no dead," she said. "My mother is dead I know but God has given me back Christian."

"Was it so, indeed?"

They cut his hair and bound up the gaping wound. The Cure made a bed at which to dry the men's wet clothes and then while the boat was gone to fetch another load there came a trying time of inaction. When the boat returned, there were more joyful greetings, more questions of sick anguish, more talk about what had or had not been saved.

So far as they could tell four men were missing, Thomas Sturm among them, then there was little Marie and Else's mother, and the two lying within the church, and the heavy tale was told, it was, after all, only a wonder that so many had been saved from that terrible death. Not long after there was a stir at the door. Other boats appeared on the lake as the storm subsided. Some of them rowed about it outside, trying to pick up those portions of the universal wreck which had been swept into the lake. One at last dragged in a heavier burden, and which they rowed directly to the church. This it was which caused the stir, this Something—reverently covered, solemnly lifted out, brought into the church, with the Cure walking before it. Lisa Sturm rose from her knees and went to meet it putting out her hand, and trembling violently. Some one tried to stop her.

"Take off the cloth," she said, in a hoarse, strained voice. "That is Thomas."

At a sign from the priest the men obeyed. Her instinct was true—there calm and still lay her husband, and there, too, clasped tight to his breast, lay little golden haired Marie. That embrace had never been broken, his arms were around her, the fair little head pillowed against him when quick, sudden death came leaping down and riveted it. There was something so tender, so peaceful, so holy in the attitude, in the faces, that it hushed all mourning, the wail died away on the mother's lips, the priest crossed himself, and knelt down beside these still, passionless figures; Lisa glanced at him, trembled, bent down and kissed each face—husband and child—covered the faces, and knelt down also.

About an hour afterward one of the boats came back with a doctor. First of all, the women who were watching brought him where Johann and Christian lay a little apart from each other. They knew that Johann was gone beyond the reach of all skill, only his wife was away, and it seemed more fitting to these simple folk that the doctor should say in plain words that no more could be done by any of them. And then he turned to where Else still kept her faithful watch, with the yellow sunlight shining upon her hair, her head under the dear head, her eyes upon those closed eyes that had looked so sadly at her when last she met their gaze.

"He is alive—that is all," said the young doctor gravely. After all he could not do much, and the women looked at little Else, poor child, and shook their heads as the minutes came and went, and brought no change. But the border land was not passed—there came a slight fluttering movement, a gasp; the doctor was at his head in a moment—another painful breath, then the wondering eyes opened and fixed themselves on Else, wandered away, returned; the lips parted "Heart's beloved," breathed Christian in the faintest, feeblest sigh, her arms were around him, and the doctor, half-scolding, half-laughing, became peremptory at once.—*From the Cornhill Magazine.*

Prospectus for 1874.

Seventh Year.

The Aldine,

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ART DEPARTMENT, 1874.

The illustrations of THE ALDINE have won a world wide reputation, and in the art centres of Europe it is an admitted fact that its wood cuts are examples of the highest perfection ever attained. The common prejudice in favor of steel plates is rapidly yielding to a more educated and discriminating taste which recognizes the advantages of superior artistic quality with greater facility of production. The wood-cuts of THE ALDINE possess all the delicacy and elaborate finish of the most costly steel plate while they afford a better rendering of the artist's original.

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In addition to designs by the members of the National Academy, and other noted American artists THE ALDINE will reproduce examples of the best foreign masters selected with a view to the highest artistic success and greatest general interest. Thus the subscriber to THE ALDINE will at a trifling cost enjoy in his own home the pleasures and refining influences of true art.

The quarterly tinted plates for 1874 will be by Thomas Moran and J D Woodward.

The Christmas issue for 1874 will contain special designs appropriate to the season by our best artists, and will surpass in attractions any of its predecessors.

PREMIUM FOR 1874

Every subscriber to THE ALDINE for the year 1874 will receive a pair of chromos. The original pictures were painted in oil for the publishers of THE ALDINE by Thomas Moran, whose great Colorado picture was purchased by Congress for ten thousand dollars. The subjects were chosen to represent "The East" and "The West". One is a view in the White Mountains New Hampshire, the other gives the Cliffs of Green River Wyoming Territory. The difference in the nature of the scenes themselves is a pleasing contrast, and affords a good display of the artist's scope and coloring. The chromos are each worked from thirty distinct plates and are in size (12x16) and appearance exact facsimiles of the originals. The presentation of a worthy example of America's greatest landscape painter to the subscribers of THE ALDINE was a bold but peculiarly happy idea and its successful realization is attested by the following testimonial over the signature of Mr Moran himself

NEWARK N J Sept 20th, 1873

MESSRS. JAMES SUTTON & CO.

Gentlemen—I am delighted with the proofs in color of your chromos. They are wonderfully successful representations by mechanical process of the original paintings.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) THOS MORAN

These chromos are in every sense American. They are by an original American process, with material of American manufacture, from designs of American scenery by an American painter, and presented to subscribers to the first successful American Art Journal. If no better because of all this they will certainly possess an interest no foreign production can inspire and neither are they any the worse if by reason of peculiar facilities of production they cost the publishers only a trifle, *while equal in every respect to other chromos that are sold singly for double the subscription price of THE ALDINE.* Persons of taste will prize these pictures for themselves—not for the price they did or did not cost, and will appreciate the enterprise that renders their distribution possible.

If any subscriber should indicate a preference for a figure subject the publishers will send "Thoughts of Home" a new and beautiful chromo 14x20 inches representing a little Italian exile whose speaking eyes betray the longings of his heart.

TERMS.

$5 per annum, in advance, with Oil Chromos free!

For 50 cents extra. the chromos will be sent mounted varnished and prepaid by mail

THE ALDINE will hereafter, be obtained only by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rate, cash for subscriptions must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, *without responsibility to the publishers* except in cases where the certificate is given bearing the *fac simile* signature of JAMES SUTTON & Co.

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State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A D 1874

Edward Gorham Administrator of the estate of Edward J. Gorham late of Bangor in said county, deceased having presented his account for settlement:

ORDERED That said accountant give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier a newspaper published in Bangor in said county that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday of February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon and show cause if any they have why the same should not be allowed.

JOHN E GODFREY Judge

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C FLINT, Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate, January Term A D 1874

Sarah O Small named Executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Ivory Small, late of Bangor in said County, deceased having presented the same for Probate

ORDERED That said executrix give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier a newspaper published in Bangor in said County that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon and show cause, if any they have why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased

JOHN E GODFREY Judge

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss Court of Probate, January Term, 1874

George W Johnson, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Simeon Parkman late of Dexter, in said County, deceased having presented the same for Probate

ORDERED That said Executor give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next at ten of the clock in the forenoon and show cause if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C FLINT, Register

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned administrator of the estate of Joshua Ellis late of Hampden, in said County deceased respectfully represents that the goods and chattels rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration

Wherefore your petitioner prays your honor to grant him a license to sell at public, or private sale, and convey all the late homestead of the deceased, in said Hampden, being all the real estate of which said Joshua died seized, as the residue would be greatly depreciated by a partial sale thereof to satisfy said debts expenses of sale and charges of administration

Said real estate is the same described in a deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County

JAMES ROGERS.

January 27 1874

STATE OF MAINE

PENOBSCOT, ss, Court of Probate, January Term A D 1874.

Upon the foregoing Petition, ORDERED That said Petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of the Petition and this Order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier a newspaper published in Bangor in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon and show cause, if any they have why the prayer of said Petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT, Register.

A true copy of the petition and order thereon

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT, Register.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned administrator of the estate of Daniel Kamer, late of Drew Plantation in said county, deceased, respectfully represents that the goods and chattels rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration.

Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant him a license to sell, at public or private sale, and convey all the right, title and interest of said Daniel Kamer, at the time of his decease, [illegible] of land, with the buildings thereon, situated in said Drew Plantation, [illegible] of Penobscot, [illegible] the right of redemption [illegible] held by E. S. [illegible] of the real estate of the deceased, to satisfy said debts, expenses of sale, and charges of administration.

Said real estate is the same described in a deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County.

JOHN A. LARRABEE.

January 27, 1874.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A.D. 1874.

[illegible]

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the petition of Mary F. Crowell, widow of William B. Crowell, late of Exeter, in said County, deceased, for an allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed,

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the [illegible]

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

THE BANGOR

DAILY

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BANK CHECKS,

BANK BOOKS,

BLANK NOTES,

BILLS OF LADING

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SURVEYORS BILLS,

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EAST END KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE,

BANGOR, ME.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A.D. 1874.

Upon the Petition of [illegible] Winchester, widow of [illegible] Winchester, late of [illegible], in said County, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed,

ORDERED, That said Widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier [illegible]

[illegible]

OFFICIAL.

POSTAL CONVENTION between the United States of America and the United Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway.

The undersigned, John A J. Creswell, Postmaster General of the United States of America, in virtue of the powers vested in him by law, and Olof Stenersen, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of his Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway to the United States of America, in the name of his government, and by virtue of the powers which he has formally presented to this effect; have agreed upon the following articles.

ARTICLE 1.

There shall be an exchange of correspondence between the United States of America and the United Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway. This exchange of correspondence shall embrace 1 Letters, ordinary and registered 2 Newspapers, books, prints of all kinds, (comprising maps, plans, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, and all other like productions of mechanical processes, sheets of music &c.,) and patterns or samples of merchandise, including grains and seeds. Such correspondence shall be exchanged whether originating in the United States and destined for either of the United Kingdoms, or *vice versa*, or originating in, or destined for, such foreign countries to which the contracting countries may serve as intermediaries.

ARTICLE 2.

The offices for the exchange of mails shall be—on the part of Sweden—1 Goteborg; 2 The Travelling Post office No 1 between Goteborg and Stockholm, 3. The Travelling Post-office No. 2 between Marmo and Falkoping. On the part of Norway—1 Christianssand, 2 Christiania, 3 The Sea Post-office on the Steamboat line between Hammerfest and Hamburg, and on the part of the United States—1 New York, 2 Chicago.

The respective Postal Administrations are authorized, if circumstances should require it, to discontinue any of the offices designated for the exchange of mails or to establish others in their place.

ARTICLE 3

The Post-Offices of Sweden and Norway shall make their own arrangements for the dispatch of mails to the United States, and in like manner the Post-Office of the United States shall make arrangements for the despatch of mails to Sweden and Norway. The mails shall be forwarded by regular routes of communication and each office shall, at its own cost, pay the expense of the intermediate transportation (sea and territorial) of the mails which it despatches to the other country. It is agreed that the cost of the international ocean and territorial transit of closed mails, exchanged in either direction, between the frontiers of the respective countries, shall be first defrayed by that one of the offices which shall have obtained from the post offices of the intermediary countries the most favorable terms for such conveyance, and any amount so advanced by one office, for and on account of the other, shall be promptly re-imbursed.

ARTICLE 4

The standard weight for the single rate of postage shall be—

1 For letters 15 grammes

2 For all other correspondence mentioned in the second paragraph of the first article that which each office adopts for the mails which it despatches to the other [illegible] to the regulations prescribed for such correspondence in the despatching country. Each office shall however give notice to the other of the standard weight it adopts and of any subsequent change thereof.

The rule of progression shall be an additional single rate for each additional single weight or fraction thereof.

The weight stated by the despatching office shall always be accepted except in the case of manifest error

ARTICLE 5

The single rate of postage for letter correspondence exchanged in direct mails between either of the United Kingdoms and the United States shall be—

I. By closed mail via England without regard to the route forwarding of the correspondence whether to or from a Swedish or Norwegian sea-port, or through Germany—

1 For letters from Sweden for the United States—
(a) When prepaid in Sweden 30 ore
(b) When paid in the United States, 14 cents

2 For letters from the United States for Sweden—
(a) When prepaid in the United States 9 cents
(b) When paid in Sweden 30 ore.

3 For letters from Norway for the United States—
(a) When prepaid in Norway, 12 skillings
(b) When paid in the United States 15 cents.

4 For letters from the United States for Norway—
(a) When paid in the United States 10 cents
(b) When paid in Norway 18 skillings

II By direct regular steamship communication between ports in the United Kingdoms, whether the port be Swedish or Norwegian on the one side, and ports in the United States on the other side—

1 For letters from Sweden for the United States—
(a) When prepaid in Sweden 24 ore
(b) When paid in the United States 9 cents.

2 For letters from the United States for Sweden—
(a) When prepaid in the United States, 6 cents
(b) When paid in Sweden, 26 ore

3 For letters from Norway for the United States—
(a) When prepaid in Norway 7 skillings
(b) When paid in the United States 9 cents

4 For letters from the United States for Norway—
(a) When prepaid in the United States 6 cents
(b) When paid in Norway 10 skillings

Insufficiently prepaid letters shall be charged with the postage for unpaid letters after deducting the prepaid amount.

On all other correspondence mentioned in the second paragraph of the first article the rate shall be for the mails despatched by either country that which the despatching office shall adopt adapted to the regulations prescribed for such correspondence in the despatching country. But each office shall give notice to the other of the rate it adopts and of any subsequent change thereof.

ARTICLE 6.

The Atlantic sea rate on the correspondence sent in closed mails through England shall not exceed 6 cents per ounce for letter mails and 6 cents per pound for other correspondence nor shall the charge for the sea-conveyance thereof between England and the United Kingdom exceed [illegible] cents per single letter rate or 6 cents per ounce net weight of letter mails and 6 cents per pound for other correspondence.

It is also agreed that the entire cost of the sea transportation between the boundaries of the respective countries by any direct line of steamships adopted to the conveyance of mails, and employed by the respective post offices shall not exceed 5 cents for each single letter rate or 6 cents per ounce net weight of letter mails and 5 cents per pound of other correspondence.

It is further stipulated that the Atlantic sea rate on the correspondence sent in closed mails through Germany shall not exceed 5 cents per 30 grammes of letters and 10 cents per kilogramme of other correspondence.

It is also understood and agreed that the Norwegian Post Office shall be reimbursed for the closed mails sent through Germany which have been forwarded by the direct steamboat line between Christianssand and Hamburg, worked on Norwegian account by a sum corresponding to the Swedish and Danish rate of transit for closed mails sent through Sweden and Denmark.

ARTICLE 7

Ordinary letters may be sent prepaid or unpaid but on registered letter and all other correspondence mentioned in the second paragraph of the first article prepayment shall be obligatory.

ARTICLE 8

Registered articles shall in addition to the postage be subject to a register fee of 30 ore in Sweden of 8 skillings in Norway and of 8 cents in the United States. This fee as well as the postage shall be prepaid. Each office is at liberty to reduce this fee for the mails it despatches.

ARTICLE 9

Any correspondence may be registered as well the international as that originating in or destined for other countries to which the contracting countries may serve as intermediaries for the transmission of such registered articles.

Each office shall notify the other of the countries to which it may serve as intermediary.

ARTICLE 10.

The accounts on the international correspondence exchanged in either direction shall be adjusted and settled on the following basis viz

I Between Sweden and the United States

From the total amount of international postages and register fees for correspondence between Sweden and the United States collected in Sweden the Swedish Postal Administration shall deduct the amount which without exceeding the highest rates agreed upon has been paid for the conveyance of the mails to the frontier of the United States. From the total amount of international postages and register fees for correspondence between Sweden and the United States collected in the United States the Postal Administration of the United States shall in like manner deduct the amount which, without exceeding the highest rates agreed upon has been paid for the conveyance of the mails to the frontier of Sweden (or of Sweden in case of conveyance by direct steamship communication or through England).

Of the amount of the two net sums thus obtained Sweden shall receive one moiety and the United States the other

II Between Norway and the United States

From the total amount of the international postages and register fees for correspondence between Norway and the United States collected in Norway the Norwegian Postal Administration shall deduct the amount which without exceeding the highest rates agreed upon has been paid for the conveyance of the mails to the frontier of the United States. From the total amount of international postages and register fees for correspondence between Norway and the United States collected in the United States the Postal Administration of the United States shall in like manner deduct the amount which, without exceeding the highest rates agreed upon has been paid for the conveyance of the mails to the frontier of Norway (or of Sweden in case of conveyance by direct steamship communication or through England.)

Of the amount of the two net sums thus obtained Norway shall receive one moiety and the United States the other

ARTICLE 11

The correspondence mentioned in the second paragraph of the first article shall be despatched under regulations to be established by the despatching office, but these shall embrace the following

1 No packet shall contain anything which shall be closed against inspection nor any written communication whatever except to state from whom and to whom the packet is sent and numbers and prices placed upon patterns or samples of merchandise.

2 No packet may exceed two feet in length or one foot in any other dimension

3 Neither office shall be bound to deliver any article the importation of which may be prohibited by the laws or regulations of the country of destination

4 The customs duties that may be chargeable in each of the two countries may be levied for the use of the customs.

5 Except as above no charge whatever shall be collected on the letters and other correspondence exchanged. The small local carriers' fee now chargeable in Sweden may, however be levied to the use of the Swedish office, and as long as a fee of 2 skillings for the delivery of poste restante letters and one of 4 skillings for letters posted after the general time for collecting the mail, are chargeable in Norway these fees may be levied to the use of the Norwegian office.

ARTICLE 12.

The Postal Administrations of each of the United Kingdoms and that of the United States shall establish by agreement and in conformity with the arrangements in force at the time the conditions upon which the offices may exchange in open mails the correspondence originating in or destined for such countries to which they may serve as intermediaries.

It is, however always understood that such correspondence shall only be charged with the rate applicable to international correspondence augmented by the postage and other taxes due to Foreign Postal Administrations, and any other tax for exterior service.

ARTICLE 13.

The postal accounts between the respective offices which according to Article 10, are to be settled separately between Sweden and the United States, and between Norway and the United States, shall be stated quarterly, and transmitted and verified as speedily as practicable, and the balance found due shall be paid to the creditor office either by exchange on London, or at the debtor office, as the creditor office may desire.

The rule for the conversion of the moneys of the respective countries shall be established by common agreement between the respective offices.

ARTICLE 14.

When in a port, whether belonging to either of the United Kingdoms or to the United States a closed mail is transferred from one vessel to another without any expense to the office of the country where the transfer is made such transfer shall not be subject to any charge by one office against the other

ARTICLE 15.

Official communications between the respective Postal Administrations shall not be the occasion of any accounts between them.

ARTICLE 16.

The respective Post-Offices shall by mutual consent, make detailed regulations for carrying the articles of this convention into execution, and [illegible] the manner modify such regulations, from time to time, as the exigencies of the service may require.

ARTICLE 17.

Letters wrongly sent, wrongly addressed, or not deliverable for any cause, shall be returned to the despatching office, at its expense, [illegible], if any, expenses shall be incurred. Registered articles, in the second paragraph of the first article mentioned, shall also be returned to like manner. Other articles shall be left to the disposition of the receiving office.

[illegible]

[illegible]

(Translation.)

We, Oscar, by the grace of God King of Sweden, Norway, the Goths and the Vandals, make known that whereas, We and the United States of America have found it expedient and necessary to enter into negotiations having for their object the conclusion of a postal convention and our Minister, duly authorized for that purpose, having, on the 15th day of March, in the present year, with the Postmaster-General of the United States established, concluded, signed and with his seal provided a convention word for word as follows:—

(See Convention above.)

Therefore, We have desired to ratify, approve, and accept the convention as concluded, with all its articles, paragraphs, and clauses, and We do by these presents in the most express terms, approve, accept, and ratify the same, and We will sincerely and honestly uphold and fulfill the foregoing convention and all its articles, paragraphs, and clauses.

In witness whereof We have, with our own hand signed and caused the same to be confirmed by our royal seal.

Done at Stockholm Castle, on the sixteenth day of the month of May in the year after the birth of our Lord and Saviour one thousand eight hundred and seventy three

OSCAR. [SEAL.]

O M BJORNSTJERNA.

The undersigned having met together for the purpose of exchanging the ratifications of the convention concluded at the city of Washington on the fifteenth day March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy three between His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway and the United States of North America, concerning the exchange of correspondence between the United States of North America and the United Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway and the respective ratifications of the said convention having been carefully compared and found to agree exactly one with the other, and both with the original of the said convention the exchange has this day been effected in the usual form.

In witness whereof the undersigned have signed the present certificate of exchange and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Stockholm the 26th day of May, 1873

C. C. ANDREWS [SEAL]

O M BJORNSTJERNA [SEAL]

DETAILED REGULATIONS agreed upon between the Post-Office of the United States and the Postal Administration of Sweden for the execution of the Convention of the 15th of March 1873 between the United States of America and the Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway

ARTICLE 1

The American exchange offices of New York and Chicago shall make up mails for the Swedish exchange offices of Goteborg the travelling post-office No 1 between Goteborg and Stockholm and the travelling post-office No 2 between Malmo and Falkoping;

The latter shall make up mails for the exchange offices of New York and Chicago.

Table A hereto annexed indicates the correspondence to be distributed to each exchange office.

ARTICLE 2

Each mail exchanged between the respective offices shall be accompanied by a letter bill showing the post ages and the charges of transit, the lots, & according to each office upon the different kinds of correspondence.

The form of this letter bill shall follow the models B1 and B2 hereto annexed, and shall be consecutively numbered by the despatching office during each quarter of the calendar year.

The receiving office shall acknowledge its receipt by the next dispatch.

ARTICLE 3

The exchange offices shall divide the correspondence which they dispatch into a suitable number of separate packages according to the letter bill.

Each of these packages shall bear the proper etiquette and numbers corresponding to the letter bill.

ARTICLE 4

When more than a single rate is charged upon any letter or other article the number of rates to which it is subject shall be indicated by the despatching office by a figure in the upper left corner of the address.

ARTICLE 5

Registered correspondence shall be described in a register list following the models C1 and C2 hereto annexed.

All registered letters and the register list shall be enveloped together in strong paper and securely fastened and the packet plainly inscribed with the word *Registered* or *Recommenderas* and placed in the mail.

The blank in the register list, either list for expressing the number of registered articles shall be filled in letters and figures expressing the number. In case no registered articles are sent the proper blank of the letter bill shall be filled with the word "Nil," or "Nil."

ARTICLE 6

The register-lists dispatched shall be retained by the receiving office which office shall acknowledge by the first mail the receipt of the registered articles numbered only from No — to No —

If any variation in the exchange office the office shall [illegible] any kind in the register list it shall be noted by the first mail not fled to the dispatching office

ARTICLE 7

The two administrations mutually engage to take all needful measures for the care of transmission of register ed correspondence and for pursuing it when lost but it is understood that neither assumes towards the other any pecuniary responsibility in case of loss

Convention between the United States of America and Denmark Naturalization Concluded July 20, 1872 Ratified January 22, 1873, Ratifications exchanged March 14 1873, Proclaimed April 15, 1873.

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas a convention between the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Denmark relative to the naturalization of citizens and subjects of the two countries, was concluded and signed at Copenhagen by their respective plenipotentiaries on the twentieth day of July, 1872 the original of which convention being in the English and Danish languages, is word for word as follows

The United States of America and His Majesty the King of Denmark being desirous to regulate the citizenship of the citizens of the United States of America who have emigrated or who may emigrate from the United States of America to the Kingdom of Denmark, and of Danish subjects who have emigrated, or who may emigrate from the Kingdom of Denmark to the United States of America, have resolved to conclude a convention for that purpose, and have named as their plenipotentiaries that is to say, the President of the United States of America Michael J Cramer minister resident of the United States of America at Copenhagen, and His Majesty the King of Denmark Otto Ditley Baron Rosenorn Lehn commander of Danebrog and Danebrogsmand chamberlain His Majesty's minister for foreign affairs &c., &c. &c

Who after having communicated to each other their respective full powers found to be in good and due form have agreed upon and concluded the following articles to wit

ARTICLE 1.

Citizens of the United States of America who have become or shall become, and are, naturalized according to law, within the Kingdom of Denmark as Danish subjects, shall be held by the United States of America to be in all respects and for all purposes Danish subjects, and shall be treated as such by the United States of America.

In like manner, Danish subjects who have become or shall become and are naturalized according to law, within the United States of America as citizens thereof shall be held by the Kingdom of Denmark to be in all respects and for all purposes as citizens of the United States of America, and shall be treated as such by the Kingdom of Denmark.

ARTICLE 2.

If any such citizen of the United States as aforesaid naturalized within the Kingdom of Denmark as a Danish subject should renew his residence in the United States, the United States government may, on his application and on such conditions as that government may see fit to impose, readmit him to the character and privileges of a citizen of the United States, and the Danish government shall not, in that case claim him as a Danish subject on account of his former naturalization.

In like manner, if any such Danish subject, as aforesaid, naturalized within the United States as a citizen thereof should renew his residence within the Kingdom of Denmark, His Majesty's government may, on his application, and on such conditions as that government may think fit to impose, readmit him to the character and privileges of a Danish subject and the United States government shall not, in that case, claim him as a citizen of the United States on account of his former naturalization.

ARTICLE 3.

If however, a citizen of the United States, naturalized in Denmark shall renew his residence in the former country without the intent to return to that in which he was naturalized he shall be held to have renounced his naturalization in Denmark.

In like manner, if a Dane, naturalized in the United States, shall renew his residence in Denmark without the intent to return to the former country he shall be held to have renounced his naturalization in the United States.

The intent not to return may be held to exist when a person naturalized in the one country shall reside more than two years in the other country.

ARTICLE IV.

The present convention shall go into effect immediately on or after the exchange of the ratifications, and shall continue in force for ten years. If neither party shall have given to the other six months' previous notice of its intention then to terminate the same, it shall further remain in force until the end of twelve months after either of the contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of such intention.

ARTICLE V.

The present convention shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by His Majesty the King of Denmark, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Copenhagen as soon as may be, within eight months from the date hereof.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their respective seals.

Done at Copenhagen, the twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy two.

MICHAEL J CRAMER.

O. D. ROSENORN-LEHN.

And whereas the said convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications were exchanged at Copenhagen, on the 14th day of March, 1873, by Michael J Cramer, minister resident of the United States of America at Copenhagen, and Otto Ditlev Rosenorn-Lehn Commander of Danebrog and Danebrogsmand, chamberlain, His Majesty's minister for foreign affairs, &c., &c., &c., on the part of their respective governments.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Ulysses S Grant, President of the United States of America, have caused the said convention to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this fifteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety seventh.

U S GRANT.

By the President,

HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

TREATY.

Agreement between the United States and Spain, for the Settlement of certain Claims of Citizens of the United States, made by Daniel E. Sickles, Esq., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States at Madrid, and His Excellency Senor Don Cristino Martos, Minister of State of Spain. Concluded February 12, 1871

Memorandum of an arbitration for the settlement of the claims of citizens of the United States or of their heirs, against the government of Spain for wrongs and injuries committed against their persons and property, or against the persons and property of citizens of whom the said heirs are the legal representatives, by the authorities of Spain, in the island of Cuba, or within the maritime jurisdiction thereof since the commencement of the present insurrection.

ARTICLE 5.

Each country will retain to its own use the postage it collects, at the prescribed rate on postal cards forwarded to the other country.

ARTICLE 6.

The present articles shall be considered additional to those agreed upon between the two offices on the 25th of March, A. D. 1852, and on the 25th and 28th of August, 1868, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1873.

In witness whereof the Postmaster-General of the United States of America, and the Postmaster-General of the Dominion of Canada, have hereto set their hands and affixed their seals [illegible]

JNO. A. J. CRESWELL, [SEAL] Postmaster-General of the United States.

June 19, 1873.

A. CAMPBELL,

[SEAL] Postmaster-General of Canada.

[illegible] I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

U. S. GRANT.

By the President:

HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Washington, June 23, 1873.

CONVENTION between the United States of America and Denmark. Naturalization. Concluded July 20, 1872, ratified January 22, 1873, exchanged March 14, 1873, Proclaimed April 15, 1873.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a convention between the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Denmark, relative to the naturalization of citizens and subjects of the two countries, was concluded and signed at Copenhagen by their respective plenipotentiaries on the twentieth day of July, 1872, the original of which convention being in the English and Danish languages, is word for word as follows:

The United States of America and His Majesty the King of Denmark being desirous to regulate the citizenship of the citizens of the United States of America who have emigrated, or who may emigrate, from the United States of America to the Kingdom of Denmark, and of Danish subjects who have emigrated or who may emigrate, from the Kingdom of Denmark to the United States of America, have resolved to conclude a convention for that purpose, and have named as their plenipotentiaries, that is to say, the President of the United States of America, Michael J Cramer, minister resident of the United States of America at Copenhagen, and His Majesty the King of Denmark, Otto Ditlev Baron Rosenorn Lehn, commander of Danebrog and Danebrogsmand, chamberlain, His Majesty's minister for foreign affairs, &c., &c.,

Who after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles:

ARTICLE 1.

Citizens of the United States of America who have become, or shall become, and are naturalized, according to law, within the Kingdom of Denmark as Danish subjects, shall be held by the United States of America to be in all respects and for all purposes as Danish subjects, and shall be treated as such by the United States of America.

In like manner, Danish subjects who have become or shall become, and are naturalized according to law, within the United States of America as citizens thereof, shall be held by the Kingdom of Denmark to be in all respects and for all purposes as citizens of the United States of America, and shall be treated as such by the Kingdom of Denmark.

ARTICLE 2.

If any such citizen of the United States as aforesaid naturalized within the Kingdom of Denmark as a Danish subject should renew his residence in the United States, the United States Government may on his application and on such conditions as that Government may see fit to impose, readmit him to the character and privileges of a citizen of the United States and the Danish government shall not, in that case, claim him as a Danish subject on account of his former naturalization.

In like manner, if any such Danish subject, as aforesaid, naturalized within the United States as a citizen thereof, should renew his residence within the Kingdom of Denmark, His Majesty's Government may, on his application and on such conditions as that Government may think fit to impose, readmit him to the character and privileges of a Danish subject, and the United States Government shall not, in that case, claim him as a citizen of the United States on account of his former naturalization.

ARTICLE 3.

If however a citizen of the United States naturalized in Denmark shall renew his residence in the former country without the intent to return to that in which he was naturalized, he shall be held to have renounced his naturalization.

In like manner, if a Dane, naturalized in the United States shall renew his residence in Denmark without the intent to return to the former country, he shall be held to have renounced his naturalization in the United States.

The intent not to return may be held to exist when a person naturalized in the one country shall reside more than two years in the other country.

The present convention shall go into effect immediately on or after the exchange of the ratifications and shall continue in force for ten years. If neither party shall have given to the other six months previous notice of its intention then to terminate the same, it shall further remain in force until the end of twelve months after either of the contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of such intention.

ARTICLE 5.

The present convention shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof and by His Majesty the King of Denmark and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Copenhagen as soon as may be, within eight months from the date hereof.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same and have affixed thereto their respective seals.

Done at Copenhagen the twentieth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy two.

[SEAL] MICHAEL J CRAMER.

[SEAL] O D ROSENORN LEHN

And whereas the said convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications were exchanged at Copenhagen, on the 14th day of March, 1873 by Michael J Cramer, minister resident of the United States of America at Copenhagen and Otto Ditlev Rosenorn Lehn, Commander of Danebrog and Danebrogsmand chamberlain His Majesty's minister for foreign affairs, &c., &c. on the part of their respective governments.

Now therefore, be it known that I, Ulysses S Grant, President of the United States of America have caused the said convention to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 15th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety seventh.

[SEAL] U S GRANT.

By the President: HAMILTON FISH, *Secretary of State.*

SECOND ADDITIONAL CONVENTION to the Postal Convention of August 21, 1867 between the United States of America and Belgium.

The General Post Office of the United States and the Postal Administration of Belgium having recognized the propriety of reducing the rates of postage fixed by the convention of 21st August, 1867 and by the additional convention of 1st March 1870, the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective governments, have agreed upon the following articles.

ARTICLE 1

The international single rate upon letters exchanged in direct mails, via Great Britain, between Belgium and the United States is fixed as follows

1 At 40 centimes for prepaid letters originating in Belgium

2 At 8 cents for prepaid letters originating in the United States

ARTICLE 2

The international single rate for prepaid letters sent by the direct steamship lines to be established between the two countries in conformity with article six of the convention of 21st August 1867, is fixed at 30 centimes for letters sent from Belgium, and at 6 cents for letters sent from the United States, of which 10 centimes (2 cents) shall represent the sea-postage.

ARTICLE 3

When one of the two contracting officers shall consider it advisable to exchange closed mails with a foreign country by way of these offices may respectively serve as intermediaries by the direct packets which the other contracting office shall have established between Belgium and the United States it shall pay to the other office, for the maritime transportation of such mails, between the ports of those of the United States and Belgium, the rates of

1 Three cents (15 centimes) per 30 grams for letters

2 Ten cents (50 centimes) per kilogram for other correspondence

And the same rates of sea-postage are also fixed for the closed mails conveyed by any line of direct mail steamers between the two countries.

ARTICLE 4

The present convention shall be considered as additional to those of August 21, 1867 and March 1 1870, and shall take effect from the date agreed upon by the two administrations.

Done in duplicate and signed in Washington this 9th day of May, 1873.

[SEAL] JNO A J CRESWELL,

Postmaster-General of the United States

[SEAL] MAURICE DELFOSSE

I hereby approve the aforegoing convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed

[SEAL] U S GRANT

By the President: HAMILTON FISH, *Secretary of State.*

WASHINGTON, May 12 1873.

CONVENTION between the United States of America and the Orange Free State. Friendship, Commerce and Extradition. Concluded December 22, 1871. Ratification advised by Senate April 24, 1872. Ratified by President April 27 1872. Ratified by Volksraad of Orange Free State May 10 1872. Ratifications exchanged at Washington August 18, 1873. Proclaimed August 23, 1873.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas a general convention of friendship, commerce and extradition between the United States of America and the Orange Free State was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries, at Bloemfontein, on the twenty second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, which general convention is word for word as follows

GENERAL CONVENTION OF FRIENDSHIP, COMMERCE AND EXTRADITION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE ORANGE FREE STATE

The United States of America and the Orange Free State, equally animated by the desire to draw more closely the bonds of friendship which so happily exist between the two republics, as well as to augment, by all the means at their disposal, the commercial intercourse of their respective citizens, have mutually resolved to conclude a general convention of friendship, commerce and extradition.

For this purpose they have appointed as their plenipotentiaries, to wit: The President of the United States, W [illegible] Edgcome special agent of the United States and [illegible] consul at the Cape of Good Hope, and the President of the Orange Free State Friedrich [illegible] Hohne, gov [illegible] who after a communication of their respective full powers, have agreed to the following articles.

ARTICLE 1.

The citizens of the United States of America and the citizens of the Orange Free State shall be admitted and treated upon a footing of reciprocal equality in the two countries, where such admission and treatment shall not conflict with the constitutional or legal provisions of the contracting parties. No pecuniary or other more burdensome condition shall be imposed upon them than upon the citizens of the country where they reside, nor any condition whatever to which the latter shall not be subject.

The foregoing privileges however, shall not extend to the enjoyment of political rights.

ARTICLE 2.

The citizens of each of the two countries residing or established in the other shall be free from personal military service; but they shall be liable to the pecuniary or material contributions which may be required, by way of compensation, from citizens of the country where they reside, who are exempt from the said service.

No higher, [illegible] whatever name, shall be exacted from the citizens of one of the two countries residing in the other than shall be levied upon citizens of the country in which they reside, nor [illegible] whatever to which [illegible]

In case of war or expropriation for public [illegible] the citizens of one of the two countries [illegible] or established in the other shall be placed upon an equal footing with the citizens of the country in which they reside with respect to indemnities for the damages they may have sustained.

[illegible]

Eastern and Maine Central Rail road Line

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

Commencing Nov 17th, 1873

Passenger trains for Portland and Boston and all intermediate stations, will leave Bangor at 8 00 A. M. Passenger cars running through either line to Portland and over the Eastern Road to Boston without change of cars.

Night Express, with Pullman Sleeping cars via Augusta leaves at 7 P M or on arrival of Passenger train from St. John.

Freight train for Portland and Boston leaves at 7 00 A. M.; arrives in Boston at 5 A. M the next morning

Passenger trains are due (Night Express [illegible]) A. M., connecting with train on E & N A R R for Houlton, Calais, St. Stephens, St John and Halifax.

Mixed train arrives from Waterville at 11 [illegible] Leaves Bangor for Waterville and intermediate stations at 3.30 P. M.

Passenger train from Boston and Portland and all intermediate stations arrives at 7 40 P. M.

Freight train from Boston and Portland arrives at 5 20 P. M.

L. L. LINCOLN, Acting Supt

GEO F. FIELD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

July23

CONSOLIDATED European and North American Railway

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1873

Express Train leaves Bangor for [illegible] Station for St John at 7.50 A. M.

Trains leave Bangor for Oldtown at [illegible] 11 45 A. M. and 5 00 and 6 20 P. M.

Trains leave Oldtown for Bangor [illegible] A. M., and 2 00 and 5 45 P. M.

Trains leave Bangor (Exchange [illegible] St) for Guilford at 7 30 A. M. and 5 00 P. M.

Trains leave Guilford for Bangor at [illegible] 1 15 P. M. These trains connect in Bangor [illegible] trains for Boston.

Freight train with passenger car attached for Mattawamkeag for Bangor at 6 00 A. M.

Freight train with passenger car attached leaves Bangor for Mattawamkeag at 1 30 P. M.

Express trains connect at Mcadam Junction with N. B. & C. trains for Houlton, Woodstock, St Stephen and St Andrews, and at Fredericton Junction with trains to and from Fredericton

M. H. ANGELL Supt

Bangor, Nov 8th, 1873

Boston and Maine Railroad

Trains leave Portland for Boston and intermediate stations at 6 15 and 9 10 A. M. and 3 10 and [illegible] P. M.

Leave Boston for Portland at 8 30 A. M., 12 30 and 6 00 P. M.

Passengers from the line of Maine Central, Knox and Lincoln Railways should be careful to have their Baggage checked for the B. & M. at Maine Transfer Station at Portland, which will make close connection with all trains on Maine Central Railroad.

JAS. T. FURBER, Gen. Supt.

Dec 31 1873

International Steamship Co

Eastport, Calais, and St John, Digby, Windsor and Halifax.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

ONE TRIP PER WEEK

On and after Monday [illegible] the Steamer New Brunswick, Capt. S. H. Pike, will leave Railroad Wharf foot of State Street, Portland every Monday at 6 P. M. for Eastport and St John. Returning will leave St. John and Eastport every Thursday.

Connections made at Eastport for St Andrews, Robbinston, Calais, Woodstock and Houlton.

Connections made at St John for Digby, Annapolis, Windsor, Kentville, Halifax, N. S. Shediac, Amherst.

Freight received on days of sailing until 4 o'clock P. M.

A. R. STUBBS, Agent.

dec 9

Portland & Boston Steamers

The STAUNCH and SUPERIOR Sea-Going Steamers,

John Brooks and Forest City,

will, until further notice run as follows

Leaving Franklin Wharf for Boston Daily (Sundays excepted)

At 7 o'clock P. M.

Returning, leave India Wharf, Boston same days at 5 o'clock P. M.

These Steamers have been newly fitted up with steam apparatus for heating cabins and state rooms, and now afford the most convenient and comfortable means of transportation between Boston and Portland.

Passengers by this long established line [illegible] every comfort and convenience, arrive in season to take the earliest trains out of the city and avoid the inconvenience of arriving late at night.

Freight taken at low rates.

Mark goods care P. S. Packet Co.

Fare $1 50. State Rooms may be secured in advance by mail.

P S Boston Railroad tickets accepted on [illegible]

J B COYLE, Jr., Gen'l Agent, Portland

Sept 24, 1873

Pacific Mail Steamship Co's

THROUGH LINE TO

California and China

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES

Cabin $110 or $100, according to [illegible] Steerage $50.

Steamers leave Pier [illegible] N. R. River foot of Canal street [illegible] Aspinwall direct connecting [illegible] via Panama for Acapulco, Mazatlan, San [illegible] go, &c., &c.

One hundred pounds of baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

All departures connect closely for South and Central American ports.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA

A Steamer will leave San Francisco on [illegible] of each month.

For freight, passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, CANAL Street North River, New York.

RUFUS HATCH

Vice President and Managing [illegible]

Or to C L BARTLETT & CO., [illegible] Agents, 16 Broad Street, Boston, or to BLAKE, 9 Central St. Bangor.

oct23

E. J. BULLA[illegible]

Maine Steamship Company

New Arrangement

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE

On and after the 18th inst the fine steamers DIRIGO and FRANCONIA will until further notice run as follows

Leave Galt's Wharf, Portland, every Monday and Thursday, at 5 o'clock P. M., and leave Pier 38 E. River, New York every Monday and Thursday, at 4 o'clock P. M.

The DIRIGO and FRANCONIA are fitted with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travelers between New York and Maine. Passage in State Room, $5. Cabin passage $4. Meals extra.

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oct20

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, Guardian of Rose McManus, minor heir of Francis McManus late of [illegible] in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said minor is seized and possessed of the following described real estate, viz., One-fourth part undivided of the half or part of a certain lot of land situated on Hancock Street, being same conveyed by [illegible] Ginty to Francis McManus, by deed dated [illegible] and recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 2[illegible], together with right of passage [illegible]. Said half part is 25 feet on Hancock Street and about 88 feet 5 inches.

That it would be for the benefit of said minor for the real estate should be sold and the proceeds thereof put at interest or otherwise used for her benefit.

He therefore prays that license may be granted him to sell and convey the above described Real Estate at public or private sale according to the requirements of law.

GEORGE [illegible]

December 30 1873.

STATE OF MAINE

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, December Term, A D 1873

Upon the forgoing petition, ORDERED That the petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published once a week three weeks successively in The Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, the first publication to be Wednesday, Jan 7th next, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY Judge

Attest —AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register

A true copy of the petition and order thereon

Attest —AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, January Term, A. D. 1874.

Upon the Petition of Frank Ingalls Moody of Bangor, in said County, praying that a decree might be passed changing his name to Frank Fellows,

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this petition and this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, citing them to appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be [illegible]

JOHN E. GODFREY Judge

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register

BY JOHN H. [illegible]

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Co[illegible]

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[illegible] EVERY TUESDA[illegible]

[illegible] of the DAILY WHIG AND C[illegible]

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UNITED STATES M[illegible]

MAINE.

Post Office Dep[illegible] Washington [illegible]

[illegible] of this Department [illegible] 2d 1874, (to be [illegible]) for [illegible] mails of the United States from [illegible] June 30 1[illegible] on the fo[illegible] of Maine [illegible] by the [illegible] arrival [illegible]

222 From Union to [illegible] three times a week. Leaves Union Tue[illegible] at [illegible] Arrive at Appleton [illegible] Leave Appleton [illegible] Arrive at Union at [illegible] Proposals [illegible]

223 From Danforth [illegible] Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible] Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

224 From [illegible]

227 From Washburn [illegible]

228 From [illegible] Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible] Leave Surry Satur[illegible] Arrive at East Blue[illegible]

[illegible]

dec 24

To the Honorable Justice[illegible] of the [illegible] Judicial Court next to be holden at B[illegible] and for the County of Penobscot on [illegible] day of [illegible] next

ALVIN PHILPS of Garland [illegible] of Penobscot respectfully libels [illegible] [illegible] the said libellee [illegible] desertion [illegible] continued [illegible]

ALVIN [illegible]

STATE OF MAINE

PENOBSCOT ss. Supreme Judicial C[illegible] Term 1873

On the foregoing libel, [illegible] given to the said libellee of the [illegible] by publishing an attested copy [illegible] order of Court thereon, three weeks [illegible] The Bangor Daily W[illegible] in Bangor [illegible] thirty days at least before the [illegible] Court to be [illegible] at Bangor [illegible] on the [illegible] [illegible] may then and there appear [illegible]

Attest [illegible]

A true copy of the [illegible] Attest [illegible]

nov 1

State of Main[illegible]

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate D[illegible] 1873

George Ramsdell named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of [illegible] late of [illegible] in said County, deceased having presented the same for Probate

ORDERED That said Executor give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier a newspaper published in Bangor in said County that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in January next at ten of the forenoon and show cause, if any they have why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased

JOHN E GOD[illegible]

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C FLI[illegible]

Notice of Foreclo[illegible]

Whereas Addison P Reed, [illegible] conveyed to me by mortgage dated the [illegible] May A D 1869 and recorded in [illegible] Registry of Deeds Volume 34[illegible] parcel of land situated in said [illegible] as follows viz Beginning on the [illegible] road leading from [illegible] road (so called) [illegible] by John Frost, [illegible] rods to land of [illegible] westerly [illegible] Goodwin's line [illegible] land of [illegible] of said Frost's land about [illegible] mentioned [illegible] said mortgage having been [illegible] closure of the same

ISRA[illegible]

Lincoln January 31 1873.

State of Main[illegible]

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate [illegible] A D 1873

Upon the Petition of Lydia A [illegible] of William H Small late of [illegible] County deceased for an allowance [illegible] sonal estate of which said dec[illegible] ceased,

ORDERED, That said Widow [illegible] tice to all persons interested by ca[illegible] this Order to be published three [illegible] in The Bangor Weekly Cou[illegible] per published in Bangor, in said [illegible] they may appear at a Court of [illegible] County to be held at the Probate O[illegible] gor on the last Tuesday in Januar[illegible] of the [illegible] in the forenoon, and [illegible] any they have why the same shou[illegible] ed

JOHN E GOD[illegible]

A true copy—Attest

AMBROSE C FL[illegible]

Commissioners' N[illegible]

PENOBSCOT ss January 10 A D [illegible]

We the undersigned having bee[illegible] ed by the Hon. JOHN E. GODFREY [illegible] bate for said County Commissioner[illegible] examine the claims of the creditors [illegible]

LORENZO D. HIGGINS late [illegible] in said County, deceased, whose es[illegible] represented insolvent, hereby give pu[illegible] agreeably to the Order of the said Judge [illegible] six months from and after the las[illegible] cember, 1873 have been allowed t[illegible] present and prove their claims an[illegible] tend to the service assigned us, [illegible] John Varney, Esq., in said Bangor [illegible] days, to wit Jan 24th, Feb'y 2[illegible] June 27th, now next ensuing, at 1[illegible] in the forenoon of each of said day[illegible]

JOHN VARNEY,

P G WHITE

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